Annual report as at 30 December 2022

Management company: BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT FRANCE Registered office: 1 boulevard Haussmann, 75009 Paris, France

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Depositary: BNP PARIBAS SA

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**Composition of the Board of Directors** 

Financial year ended 31 December 2022

\* \* \*

#### **Chairman and Chief Executive Officer**

François Roux

#### Directors

Maryline Jacquet

Philippe Jeanne

Anne Rodi

#### Advisor

Christian Volle

#### **Statutory Auditor**

**DELOITTE & ASSOCIÉS** 

#### STRATEGY

#### IDENTIFICATION

#### CLASSIFICATION

Standard money market fund with variable net asset value (VNAV)

#### MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVE

The management objective of the SICAV is, over a minimum investment term of one week, to achieve performance equal to that of the eurozone money market benchmark index, the capitalised €STR (euro short-term rate), less operating and management fees charged to the SICAV, in relation to each share class. The maximum operating and management fees are between 0.20% and 1% depending on the share class.

If money market interest rates are very low, the return generated by the SICAV may be insufficient to cover the management fees, resulting in a structural decline in the SICAV's net asset value.

For more information, see the section on "Fees charged to the SICAV" in your prospectus.

#### **BENCHMARK INDEX**

Euro short-term rate ( $\in$ STR): a short-term euro-denominated rate that reflects the costs of unsecured overnight borrowing in euro for eurozone banks. The rate is published by the ECB at 8.00 am (Central European Time) on every TARGET 2 opening day. If, after publication, any errors are identified that affect the  $\in$ STR by more than 2 basis points, the ECB will revise and re-publish the  $\in$ STR at 9.00 am (Central European Time) the same day. No changes will be made to the  $\in$ STR on the ECB's website after this time. The  $\in$ STR is calculated as an average interest rate weighted by the volume of transactions carried out.

For further information about the €STR, investors are invited to consult the following website: https://www.ecb.europa.eu.

The Management Company has a procedure for monitoring the benchmark indices used, which describes the measures to be implemented in the event that substantial changes are made to an index or if the index should cease to be provided.

#### INVESTMENT STRATEGY

#### 1. STRATEGY USED TO ACHIEVE THE MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVE

The investment process results from a "top-down" approach and is broken down into four steps:

#### 1 - Macroeconomic analysis and market forecasts

The money market management team meets as a committee every month to analyse:

- Macroeconomic changes in the main geographic regions (United States, Europe etc.),
- The monetary policies of the main central banks (Fed, ECB);
- The monetary instruments of central banks: liquidity in circulation, level of mandatory reserves, tenders etc.

These analyses are then used to determine the central interest rate scenario and the allocation of assets in the portfolios.

#### 2 - Tactical asset allocation by type of instrument

- Distribution between fixed-rate and/or variable-rate instruments
- Choice of maturities: at least 7.5% of net assets in securities with daily maturities and at least 15% of net assets in securities with weekly maturities (may include up to 7.5% of net assets in securities that may be sold and paid for within five working days).

#### 3 - Selection of sectors and issuers

Sectors and issuers (public and private) are selected by a credit committee composed of the management risk control team and the credit analyst team.

This committee defines a list of issuers that the money market management team may use for investment. This list also sets an investment limit per issuer.

#### 4- Stock selection and positioning on the yield curve

Once the list of authorised issuers has been produced, the money market management team selects the financial instruments based on:

- their liquidity
- their profitability
- their credit quality
- their sensitivity.

In terms of interest rate risk, the weighted average maturity (WAM) of the portfolio is limited to six months.

The WAM is a measure of the average time remaining until all the securities held by the SICAV mature, weighted to reflect the relative weight of each instrument, taking into consideration the fact that the maturity of an adjustable-rate instrument is the time remaining until the next revision of the money market rate, rather than the time remaining until repayment of the principal of the instrument. Derivatives are taken into account when calculating the WAM.

The overall sensitivity range will be between 0 and 0.50.

In terms of credit risk, the weighted average life (WAL) of the portfolio is limited to one year.

The WAL is the weighted average of the residual lifetime of each stock held by the SICAV, i.e. the lifetime remaining until full repayment of the capital represented by the security. Derivatives are taken into account when calculating the WAL.

Finally, no security will have a lifetime in excess of two years provided that the time remaining before the next revision of the interest rate is less than or equal to 397 days.

In addition, the management team incorporates environmental, social and governance (ESG) criteria.

The SICAV invests at least 90% of its net assets in securities of issuers and/or UCIs which have been evaluated from an ESG perspective by the management company's team of expert analysts.

The SICAV will have an ESG rating higher than that of its non-financial investment universe; this universe is defined as all of the issuers of short-term bonds or other short-term debt securities.

Issuers that operate in sensitive sectors and that do not comply with BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT's industry-specific policies (e.g. on coal-based energy production), which are available on its website, are excluded. Issuers that do not comply with the Ten Principles of the United Nations Global Compact and/or the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises are also excluded.

The ESG analysis is supported by an active engagement policy whereby the Management Company engages with the issuers in respect of responsible practices (individual and collective engagement and/or general meeting votes).

Incorporating ESG and sustainable development criteria into the SICAV's investment strategy may result in the securities of some issuers being excluded. Accordingly, the SICAV's performance may be better or worse than the performance of another UCI invested in the same asset class that does not incorporate ESG or sustainable development criteria into its investment strategy.

#### Information relating to the SFDR and the EU Taxonomy Regulation:

Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 November 2019 on sustainability-related disclosures in the financial services sector (the SFDR) sets out the rules regarding transparency and the provision of sustainability-related information. The SICAV promotes environmental and/or social and governance characteristics in accordance with Article 8 of the SFDR.

A sustainable investment within the meaning of the SFDR consists of:

- an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental objective, measured, for example, using key indicators
  regarding the efficient use of resources involving the use of energy, renewable energy, commodities, water and land, waste production
  and greenhouse gas emissions or effects on biodiversity and the circular economy, or
- an investment in an economic activity that contributes to a social objective, in particular investments that contribute to the fight against inequality or that promote social cohesion, social integration and working relationships, or
- an investment in human capital or economically or socially disadvantaged communities, provided that these investments do not cause extensive harm to any of these objectives and the companies in which investments are made follow good governance practices, in particular with regard to healthy management structures, dealings with staff, remuneration for skilled employees and compliance with tax obligations.

As part of its non-financial approach, the Management Company incorporates the risks associated with sustainable investment in its investment decisions. The extent and manner in which sustainable investment issues and risks are incorporated into its strategy will vary according to a number of factors such as asset class, geographical area and the financial instruments used.

The Management Company also takes into account the principal adverse impacts (PAIs) on sustainability factors when managing the SICAV, by applying its responsible business conduct and sector exclusions policy and/or other pillars of its sustainable investment approach. These are set out in the Management Company's adverse sustainability impacts transparency statement (the PAI statement).

PAIs derive from investment decisions that have a negative impact on sustainability factors pertaining to environmental, social and labour issues, respect for human rights, and the fight against corruption and bribery.

As explained in the PAI statement, depending on the nature of the investments, the following key indicators are taken into account and addressed or mitigated when managing the SICAV:

(i) Mandatory indicators for investments in companies:

- 1. Greenhouse gas emissions (GHG)
- 2. Carbon footprint
- 3. GHG intensity of companies benefiting from investments
- 4. Exposure to companies that operate in the fossil fuel sector
- 5. Share of non-renewable energy consumption and production
- 6. Energy consumption intensity by sector with high climate impact
- 7. Activities with a negative impact on biodiversity-sensitive areas
- 8. Discharge into water
- 9. Ratio of hazardous waste and radioactive waste

10. Violations of the principles of the United Nations Global Compact and the Guidelines of the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises

11. Lack of compliance processes and mechanisms in order to monitor compliance with the principles of the United Nations Global Compact and the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises

- 12. Uncorrected gender pay gap
- 13. Diversity within governance bodies
- 14. Exposure to controversial weapons (anti-personnel mines, cluster munitions, chemical weapons and biological weapons)

(ii) Voluntary indicators for investments in companies:

#### Environment:

- Investments in companies that have not taken initiatives to reduce their carbon emissions

#### Social:

- No supplier code of conduct
- No human rights policy

(iii) Indicators for investments in sovereign or supranational bonds:

#### - GHG intensity

- Investment countries experiencing violations of social norms

Additional information is available on the website of the Management Company.

Regulation (EU) 2020/852 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 June 2020 on establishing a framework for promoting sustainable investments (Taxonomy Regulation) aims to establish criteria for determining whether an economic activity is environmentally sustainable.

The European Taxonomy Regulation is a classification system that establishes a list of economic activities which are environmentally sustainable according to criteria established in view of the six climate and environmental objectives defined in this regulation.

The principle of "do no significant harm" as defined by Taxonomy Regulation would only apply to the SICAV's underlying investments that take account of the European Union criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The underlying investments for the remaining portion of this SICAV do not take into account the European Union criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities as set out by the Taxonomy Regulation.

Economic activities that are not recognised by the Taxonomy Regulation are not necessarily harmful to the environment or unsustainable. Furthermore, other activities that contribute substantially to the environmental and social objectives are not yet necessarily part of the Taxonomy Regulation.

#### 2. MAIN ASSET CLASSES USED (EXCLUDING EMBEDDED DERIVATIVES)

The SICAV's portfolio is composed of the following asset classes and financial instruments:

#### Equities: None

#### Debt securities and money market instruments

The assets consist primarily of negotiable debt securities acquired outright or purchased under reverse repurchase agreements and bonds, issued or guaranteed by European Union member states, by their agencies, by public institutions or establishments (ACOSS, CADES, SFEF, UNEDIC, CDC, SNCF etc.), by their regional public authorities or by municipal, regional or global supranational institutions or bodies (the EIB, EBRD, EFSF, ESM, EU etc.).

Pursuant to the exemptions scheduled in Article 17(7) of Regulation (EU) 2017/1131 and in line with the principle of risk diversification, the SICAV may invest more than 5% and up to 100% of its assets in different money market instruments issued or guaranteed individually or jointly by administrations, institutions or organisations.

Issuers authorised under the exemption ratios listed in Article 17(7) of Regulation (EU) 2017/1131 are as follows:

- the European Union,
  - state authorities (countries or government agencies for example: the Republic of Singapore or the French Social Security Debt Redemption Fund (*Caisse d'amortissement de la dette sociale* – CADES), regional authorities (e.g. the 18 French regions or 101 French departments) or local authorities (e.g. the *Société du Grand Paris, Rennes Métropole*, as well as the City of Stockholm and the City of Turin), member states or their central banks.
- the European Central Bank, the European Investment Bank, the European Investment Fund, the European Stability Mechanism, the European Financial Stability Facility,
- the International Monetary Fund, the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the Council of Europe Development Bank, the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the Bank for International Settlements.

The SICAV is managed within an interest rate sensitivity range of 0 to 0.50.

Private debt may represent up to 100% of the net assets, if it is guaranteed by European Union member states.

The portfolio invests in securities with high credit quality.

The manager is responsible for checking that the money market instruments in which the SICAV invests are of high quality by using an internal process to appraise their credit quality.

The manager has internal methods for evaluating credit risk when selecting securities for the SICAV and does not exclusively or systematically use the ratings issued by rating agencies.

External ratings are used to make an overall assessment of the credit quality of an issue or issuer on which the manager bases their own convictions when selecting securities.

The SICAV may invest on an ancillary basis in bonds, negotiable debt securities and medium-term negotiable securities not traded on regulated markets. These securities must comply with eligibility criteria set out in (EU) regulation 2017/1131.

#### Units or shares of UCITS, AIFs or foreign investment funds

The SICAV may invest up to 9.99% of its net assets in units or shares of French and/or European UCITS classified "Short-term" and/or "Standard monetary fund", in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/1131.

The UCITS in which the SICAV invests are managed by BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT France and the management companies within the BNP Paribas Group.

#### **3. DERIVATIVES**

The SICAV may trade in French and/or foreign regulated or over-the-counter futures markets authorised by the French Decree of 6 September 1989 and its amendments (solely for contracts in financial instruments).

On these markets, the SICAV may make use of the following products:

- interest rate futures;
- interest rate options;
- interest rate swaps.

All these instruments may be used to hedge the portfolio for the purpose of managing interest rate risk.

The maximum investment in all these markets is 100% of the net assets of the SICAV.

The SICAV does not use total return swaps.

These financial instruments are entered into with counterparties selected by the financial manager by delegation. These may be companies affiliated with the BNP Paribas Group.

The eligible counterparty (counterparties) has/have no influence over the composition or management of the SICAV's portfolio.

#### 4. INSTRUMENTS WITH EMBEDDED DERIVATIVES

None

#### 5. DEPOSITS

The SICAV may place the equivalent of up to 100% of its net assets on deposit with one or more credit institutions. These deposits are made in line with the conditions set forth in Article 12 of Regulation (EU) 2017/1131.

#### 6. CASH BORROWINGS

None. However, in the event of exceptional redemption, the SICAV may temporarily fall into a debit position, despite the fact that this is not related to a management act. Said debit position will be resolved as quickly as possible and in the best interest of shareholders.

#### 7. TEMPORARY PURCHASES AND SALES OF SECURITIES

For cash management purposes, the SICAV may use up to 100% of its net assets for reverse repurchase agreements and up to 10% of its net assets for repurchase agreements.

These transactions will be entered into with counterparties selected by the delegated financial manager from among those institutions whose registered office is located in an OECD or European Union member country referred to in R. 214-19 of the French Monetary and Financial Code. They may be conducted with companies affiliated to the BNP Paribas Group. The counterparties must be of high credit quality.

Further information about temporary purchases and sales of securities is provided in the "Charges and fees" section of the prospectus.

#### **8. INFORMATION RELATING TO THE UCI'S COLLATERAL**

To guard against counterparty default, temporary purchases and sales of securities and transactions on over-the-counter derivative instruments may involve the pledging of securities and/or cash as collateral, and the Depositary will hold these securities and/or this cash in segregated accounts.

The eligibility of securities received as collateral is determined in accordance with investment constraints and via a discount procedure developed by the delegated financial manager's risk department. Securities received as collateral must be liquid and capable of being transferred quickly on the market. The securities received from a single issuer may not exceed 20% of the SICAV's net assets (with the exception of securities issued or guaranteed by an eligible OECD member country, in which case this limit may be increased to 100%, provided that this 100% is distributed among six issues, none of which represents more than 30% of the SICAV's net assets) under the conditions scheduled in the applicable regulations. They must be issued by an entity that is independent of the counterparty.

Assets

#### Cash (EUR, USD and GBP)

#### Interest rate instruments

Securities issued or guaranteed by an eligible OECD member country

The SICAV may receive securities issued or guaranteed by an eligible member country of the OECD as collateral, for more than 20% of its net assets. Therefore, the SICAV may be fully guaranteed by securities issued or guaranteed by a single eligible member country of the OECD.

Supranational securities and securities issued by government agencies

Debt securities and bonds issued by private issuers

Money market instruments issued by private issuers

Units or shares of money market UCITS (1)

(1) UCITS managed by companies belonging to the BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT Holding Group only.

Collateral other than in cash must not be sold, reinvested or pledged as security and is held by the depositary in a segregated account.

Collateral received as cash may be reinvested in accordance with AMF Position no. 2013-06. Cash received may therefore be held on deposit, invested in high-quality government bonds, used in reverse repurchase agreements or invested in "short-term money market" UCITS.

For repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements, the SICAV will additionally comply with the provisions of Articles 14 and 15 of Regulation (EU) 2017/1131 and specifically:

- cash received may be held on deposit or invested in money market instruments issued or guaranteed pursuant to Article 15(6) of Regulation (EU) 2017/1131;
- assets received cannot be sold, reinvested, committed or transferred
- assets received are sufficiently diversified and the maximum exposure to a single issuer is restricted to 15% of the assets of the SICAV.

#### COLLATERAL:

In addition to the guarantees referred to in paragraph 8, the SICAV provides collateral on its assets (financial securities and cash) in favour of the depositary in respect of its financial obligations to the depositary.

#### TOTAL RISK

The method used by the Management Company to calculate the total risk of the UCI it manages is the commitment method.

#### **RISK PROFILE**

Your money will be invested primarily in financial instruments selected by the Management Company. These instruments will be subject to financial market trends and risks. The SICAV is classified as a "Standard money market fund with variable net asset value (VNAV)". Investors are therefore exposed to the following risks:

Interest rate risk: for the SICAV, this exposure corresponds to a sensitivity range of 0 to 0.50. Sensitivity measures the potential impact of a 1% change in interest rates on the SICAV's net asset value. A sensitivity of 0.50% thus results, for every 1% change in interest rates, in a change of 0.50% in the opposite direction for the SICAV's net asset value.

<u>Credit risk</u>: this is linked to an issuer's ability to honour its debts and to the risk of an issue or issuer being downgraded, which may result in a fall in the value of the corresponding debt securities in which the SICAV is invested.

<u>Risk of capital loss</u>: investors should be aware that the performance of the SICAV may not be in line with its objectives and that the capital invested (after deduction of subscription fees) may not be recovered in full.

<u>Risk of potential conflicts of interest</u>: this risk is associated with the conclusion of temporary purchases and sales of securities in which the SICAV's counterparty and/or financial intermediary is an entity linked to the group to which the SICAV's Management Company belongs.

<u>Sustainability risk</u>: Unmanaged or unmitigated sustainability risks can impact returns on financial products. For example, if an environmental, social or governance event or situation were to occur, it could have an actual or potential negative impact on the value of an investment. The occurrence of such an event or situation may also lead to a modification of the SICAV's investment strategy, including the exclusion of the securities of certain issuers. More specifically, the negative effects of sustainability risk may affect issuers by means of a series of mechanisms, including: 1) a decrease in revenues; 2) higher costs; 3) damages or depreciation of asset value; 4) higher cost of capital; and 5) regulatory fines or risks. Owing to the nature of sustainability risks and specific issues such as climate change, the likelihood that sustainability risks will have an impact on returns on financial products is likely to increase in the longer term.

<u>Risk associated with the incorporation of non-financial criteria</u>: A non-financial approach may be implemented in different ways by financial managers, in particular due to the lack of common or harmonised labels at European level. This means that it can be difficult to compare strategies that incorporate non-financial criteria. The selection and weighting applied to certain investments can be based on indicators that share the same name but have different meanings. When evaluating a security on the basis of non-financial criteria, financial managers may use data sources provided by external providers. Given the evolving nature of the non-financial criteria, these data sources may currently be incomplete, inaccurate or unavailable. The application of responsible business conduct standards and non-financial criteria in the investment process may lead to the exclusion of the securities of certain issuers. Therefore, the performance of the SICAV may sometimes be better or worse than the performance of similar funds which do not apply these strategies.

<u>Counterparty risk</u>: this risk is associated with the conclusion of contracts involving forward financial instruments (see the section on "Derivatives" above) or temporary purchases and sales of securities (see the section on "Temporary purchases and sales of securities" above) in the event that a counterparty with whom a contract has been concluded fails to honour its commitments (e.g. payment or repayment), which may lead to a fall in the SICAV's net asset value.

#### **RECOMMENDED MINIMUM INVESTMENT HORIZON**

One week.

#### MANAGEMENT REPORT

#### MANAGEMENT REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Dear Sir or Madam,

We have convened this Ordinary General Meeting to report on the activities of the company during the financial year that ended on 31 December 2022, and also to submit the year's accounts for your approval.

After restating the aim and objectives of the company, explaining the economic and financial environment, as well as the trends of the period, we will outline the management policy adopted by the company.

We will comment on the results obtained and the financial statements for the year.

Furthermore, we would like to inform you of the resignation of Cécile du Merle from her role as a director and propose that you ratify the co-opted appointment of Maryline Jacquet (for the remainder of the term of office of Cécile du Merle on the day of her resignation, i.e. until the General Meeting called to approve the financial statements for the year ending December 2024).

We would also like to inform you of the resignation of Cécile du Merle as Chair and Chief Executive Officer. She will be replaced by François Roux, who was formerly a Director.

Finally, we would like to inform you that following an intra-group restructuring operation, since 1 October 2022 the depositary/custodian, transfer agent of subscription/redemption orders, issuing account holder and accounting manager of your Fund is no longer BNP Paribas Securities Services but BNP Paribas.

We invite you to express an opinion on the draft resolutions submitted to you.

The Board of Directors

#### **INVESTMENT POLICY**

#### Monetary policy of the European Central Bank (ECB) in 2022.

With inflation rates higher than expected, and projected to remain high for longer than expected due to higher energy prices and increases in costs of agricultural products, the main focus of 2022 was monetary policy normalisation, which accelerated in the second half of the year.

The European Central Bank (ECB) has not changed its key interest rates since June 2022 but they have been expected to increase since the start of 2022. The normalisation started with an increase of 50 basis points in July, while the ECB had committed to an increase of 25 basis points in June. The press conference stated that "The Governing Council judged that it is appropriate to take a larger first step on its policy rate normalisation path than signalled at its previous meeting". From August onwards, the tone of comments became much harsher as a result of increased inflation, and in September, the ECB increased its rates by a record 75 basis points which, by raising the deposit rate to 0.75%, ended the period of zero and negative rates. The ECB then specified that it had intended to continue its tightening cycle and, indeed, raised its three key interest rates twice in the fourth quarter — by 75 basis points in October and by 50 basis points in December. Following the Governing Council's meeting of 15 December, interest rates for the main refinancing operations, the marginal lending facility and the deposit facility were increased to 2.50%, 2.75% and 2.00%, respectively. Following a total increase of 250 basis points in the second half of the year, the ECB did not soften its approach — in fact it did the opposite. While there was only a slight change in inflation rates in the eurozone at the end of the year (standing at 10.1% year-on-year in November, compared to 10.6% in October and 5.0% at the end of 2021), Christine Lagarde did not hesitate to say that there would be a 50-basis-point increase rate for a while, and she reiterated several times that going from a 75-basis-point increase in October to a 50-basis-point increase in December was not a turning point and that the bank was not slowing down. Moreover, the various measures announced by eurozone governments to limit the consequences of the energy crisis for the most vulnerable households and companies, thereby providing de facto support for growth, are likely to prompt the ECB to tighten monetary policy further. Despite the downside risks to growth, it is no longer simply a guestion of normalising monetary policy, but rather of establishing restrictive measures where the ECB believes that the mild recession it foresees for the coming months will not be enough to lower inflation and where it deems that it "does not have

a choice".

#### Management policy of the SICAV

The net assets of the SICAV remained stable over the course of the year, with an outstanding amount of €190.86 million at 30 December 2022.

In a context where key interest rates were increasing again, the BNP PARIBAS MONE ETAT SICAV's investment strategy was to hedge or offset the portfolio against rising interest rates by buying fixed interest rate swap securities or variable rate securities directly. We primarily invested in negotiable debt securities issued by regions and departments under the form of government securities (T-bills), as well as certificates of deposit with maturities of between one and twelve months. The remainder was invested in money market UCITS.

The SICAV's liquidity is mainly ensured by a maximum of 10% of its assets in units of money market UCITS and a minimum target of 7.5% of its assets in uninvested cash.

#### Performance

The net asset value for the I unit went from  $\leq 52,165.349162$  on 31/12/2021 to  $\leq 52,129.3589$ , representing an annualised performance of -0.069% (base 360). Past performance is no indication of future performance. For information, the arithmetic average of the  $\leq$ STR (calculated using the OIS method) over the same period was -0.019%.

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#### Changes during the financial year

Date of change	Description of change
28/02/2022	<ul> <li>Update to Article 8 of the SFDR (Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation) and performance update for 2021</li> </ul>
12/08/2022	<ul> <li>Update to sustainable preferences pursuant to the MIFID (Markets in Financial Instruments Directive)</li> </ul>
01/10/2022	Change of depositary

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#### Securities financing transactions pursuant to the SFTR

The SICAV was not affected by SFTR instruments during the financial year.

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#### **ETHICS**

#### Group financial instruments held in the UCI

This information appears in the appendix to the annual report – Additional information.

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#### Main changes in the composition of the securities portfolio over the period

Fund name	Description of securities	ISIN code	Transaction type
BNP PARIBAS MONE ETAT	'YVELINES DEPARTMENT OF 21-SEP-2022'	'FR0127508689'	PURCHASES
BNP PARIBAS MONE ETAT	'HAUTS DE FRANCE REGION OF 13-SEP-2022'	'FR0127530139'	PURCHASES
BNP PARIBAS MONE ETAT	'HAUTS DE FRANCE REGION OF 20-SEP-2022'	'FR0127585083'	PURCHASES
BNP PARIBAS MONE ETAT	'REGION AUVERGNE RHONE-ALPES 20-DEC-2022'	'FR0127739441'	PURCHASES
BNP PARIBAS MONE ETAT	'REGION AUVERGNE RHONE-ALPES 20-SEP-2022'	'FR0127560755'	PURCHASES
BNP PARIBAS MONE ETAT	'DEPARTEMENT DU VAL D OISE 14-SEP-2022'	'FR0127531376'	PURCHASES
BNP PARIBAS MONE ETAT	'BPIFRANCE SA 27-DEC-2022'	'FR0127213587'	PURCHASES
BNP PARIBAS MONE ETAT	'UNEDIC 05-JAN-2023'	'FR0127394007'	PURCHASES
BNP PARIBAS MONE ETAT	'COMMUNAUTE URBAINE CAEN LA MER 31-MAY-2022'	'FR0127250969'	PURCHASES
BNP PARIBAS MONE ETAT	'LYON METROPOLIS OF 20-APR-2022'	'FR0127237578'	PURCHASES
BNP PARIBAS MONE ETAT	'UNEDIC 10-MAR-2022'	'FR0126683715'	SALES
BNP PARIBAS MONE ETAT	'BUONI ORDINARI DEL TES 0.00 PCT 14-DEC-2022'	'IT0005472953'	SALES
BNP PARIBAS MONE ETAT	'REGIE AUTONOME DES TRANSPORTS PARISIENS EPIC 09-JUN-2022'	'FR0126987744'	SALES
BNP PARIBAS MONE ETAT	'ITALY (REPUBLIC OF) 0.00 PCT 14-MAR-2022'	'IT0005437311'	'REDUCTIONS'
BNP PARIBAS MONE ETAT	'ITALY (REPUBLIC OF) 0.00 PCT 29-APR-2022'	'IT0005460313'	'REDUCTIONS'
BNP PARIBAS MONE ETAT	'BUONI ORDINARI DEL TES 0.00 PCT 31-MAR-2022'	'IT0005456667'	'REDUCTIONS'
BNP PARIBAS MONE ETAT	'ITALY (REPUBLIC OF) 0.00 PCT 13-MAY-2022'	'IT0005444507'	'REDUCTIONS'

When managing collective investment schemes, transaction fees are invoiced when deals are executed on financial instruments (purchases and sales of securities, repurchase agreements, futures and swaps).

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#### **SFDR Declaration**

The SFDR note relating to Art 8 and/or Art 9 is available, free of charge, in the official annual report of the SICAV.

#### INFORMATION ON THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY'S REMUNERATION POLICY

#### **Qualitative aspects of remuneration**

Information regarding the remuneration policy applicable to the 2021 financial year is available on request from the Management Company: BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT France – TSA 47000 – 75318 Paris Cedex 09, France. In addition, detailed information regarding the Management Company's remuneration policy is available online at <a href="https://www.bnpparibas-am.com/en/remuneration-policy/">https://www.bnpparibas-am.com/en/remuneration-policy/</a>.

#### Quantitative aspects of remuneration

Quantitative information regarding remuneration is outlined below, as required by Article 22 of the AIFM Directive (Directive 2011/61/EU of 8 June 2011) and by Article 69-3 of the UCITS V Directive (Directive 2014/91/EU of 23 July 2014), in a format that complies with the recommendations of the AFG (Association Française de Gestion — French asset management association)<sup>1</sup>.

# Aggregated remuneration of employees of BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT France ("BNPP AM France") (Article 22-2-e of the AIFM Directive and Article 69-3 (a) of the UCITS V Directive):

	Number of employees	Total compensation (€k) (fixed + variable)	Of which total variable remuneration (€k)
All employees of <b>BNPP</b> AM France <sup>2</sup>	834	98,575	31,287

# <u>Aggregated remuneration of employees of BNPP AM France, whose activity has a significant impact on the risk profile and who are</u> therefore "Identified Staff"<sup>3</sup> (Article 22-2-f of the AIFM Directive and Article 69-3 (b) of the UCITS V Directive):

Business sector	Number of employees	Total remuneration (€k)
Identified Staff employed by BNPP AM France:	163	31,625
including Alternative Investment Fund managers/UCITS managers/managers of European discretionary funds	151	28,553

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Note: The above remuneration amounts cannot be reconciled directly with the accounting data for the year because they reflect the sums awarded based on the number of employees at the end of the annual variable remuneration campaign, in May 2021. Therefore, for example, these amounts include all the variable remuneration awarded during this campaign, regardless of whether or not it was deferred, and regardless of whether or not the employees ultimately remained at the company.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> In addition to these employees and the corresponding amounts, we should not overlook the:

<sup>- 5</sup> employees of the Austrian branch, one of whom has the status of "Identified Staff" and whose total fixed remuneration and total variable remuneration in 2020 amounted to €774k and €242k, respectively;

<sup>- 20</sup> employees of the German branch, one of whom has the status of "Identified Staff" and whose total remuneration and total variable remuneration in 2020 amounted to €3774k and €1067k respectively.

<sup>- 53</sup> employees of the Italian branch, two of whom have the status of "Identified Staff" and whose total remuneration and total variable remuneration in 2020 amounted to €5625k and €1409k respectively;

<sup>- 83</sup> employees of the Dutch branch, 20 of whom have the status of "Identified Staff" and whose total fixed remuneration and total variable remuneration in 2020 amounted

to €11,055k and €2463k, respectively.

<sup>3</sup> The list of Identified Staff is determined in light of the review conducted at year end. **Other information:** 

#### > Number of AIFs and UCITS managed by BNPP AM France:

	Number of funds (31/12/2021)	Assets under management (€ billion) as at 31/12/2021
UCITS	204	90
Alternative Investment Funds	317	51

- In 2021, carried interest of €60k was paid to BNPP AM France staff employed as at 31 December 2021.
- An independent centralised audit of the overall BNP Paribas Asset Management remuneration policy and its implementation in 2020/2021 was conducted between May and July 2021, under the supervision of the remuneration committee of BNP Paribas Asset Management and its Board of Directors. Following this audit, which covered BNP Paribas Asset Management entities holding an AIFM and/or UCITS licence, the policy was awarded a "Satisfactory" grade (the best out of four possible grades) in recognition of the robustness of the current system, particularly in its key stages: identification of Identified Staff, consistency of the performance-remuneration link, application of mandatory deferral rules, and implementation of indexation and deferral mechanisms. A recommendation (not a warning) was made in 2021 because some of the Identified Staff had not been systematically assigned quantitative objectives and some improvements needed to be made to the documentation detailing the weighting applied to quantitative and qualitative objectives.
- Additional information regarding the way in which variable remuneration is determined and deferred remuneration instruments can be found in the remuneration policy, which has been published on the company's website.

# INFORMATION ON THE POLICY FOR SELECTING AND EVALUATING SERVICES TO AID INVESTMENT DECISIONS AND ORDER EXECUTION

\* \* \*

Information on BNP Paribas Asset Management France's policy for selecting and evaluating entities providing order execution services and services to aid investment decisions is available online at <u>www.bnpparibas-am.com.</u>

\* \* \*

#### **REPORT ON INTERMEDIARY FEES**

The latest report on intermediary fees is available online at <u>www.bnpparibas-am.com</u>.

\* \* \*

#### BNP PARIBAS ASSET MANAGEMENT FRANCE (BNPP AM FRANCE) BEST SELECTION AND BEST EXECUTION POLICY

The selection and execution policy is available online at www.bnpparibas-am.com.

\* \* \*

The voting policy is available online at <u>www.bnpparibas-am.com.</u>

\* \* \*

Since 24 February 2022, we have been paying close attention to the effects of the Russia–Ukraine conflict. We are closely following developments related to market and financial risks so that we can take all necessary measures in the interests of the unitholders (or shareholders).

\* \* \*

#### Declaration of selected procedures for the year (Article L. 225-37-4 of the French Commercial Code)

In accordance with the regulations and with the SICAV's Articles of Association (Article 20), the general management of the company is performed under the responsibility of the Chair of the Board of Directors.

#### François Roux - Chair and Chief Executive Officer List of other offices held (Financial year 2022)

None

Philippe Jeanne - Director List of other offices held (Financial year 2022)

# Company nameCompany nationalityOffice heldSOFICINEMA 11French limited company (société anonyme)Chair and Chief Executive OfficerPORTZAMPARCFrench limited liability company (société à responsabilité limitée)Director

Maryline Jacquet - Director
List of other offices held
(Financial year 2022)

None

Anne Rodi - Director List of other offices held (Financial year 2022)

None

#### Christian Volle - Advisor List of other offices held (Financial year 2022)

Company name	Company nationality	Office held
BNP PARIBAS MULTISTRATEGIES PROTECTION 80	France	Director
BNP PARIBAS MONEY 3 M	France	Director
FUNDQUEST	France	Director

#### Declaration of regulated agreements (Article L. 225-37-4 of the French Commercial Code)

In accordance with the regulations, it is stated that during the past financial year, no agreement fulfilling the following definition has been concluded:

Agreements entered into directly or through an intermediary between, on the one hand, any of the company representatives or any of the shareholders holding more than 10% of the voting rights in a company's share capital and, on the other hand, another company controlled by the first company according to Article L. 233-3, with the exception of agreements regarding ongoing transactions, concluded under normal conditions.

#### Declaration – Table of delegated authority (Article L. 225-37-4 of the French Commercial Code)

In accordance with the regulations, it is stated that, as at 31 December 2022, there had been no valid delegation of authority granted by the General Meeting concerning capital increases under Articles L. 225-129-1 and L. 225-129-2, and showing the use made of this delegated authority during the financial year.

Open-ended investment company (société d'investissement à capital variable — SICAV)

1 boulevard Haussmann 75009 Paris, France

# Statutory Auditor's report on the annual financial statements

Financial year ended 30 December 2022

This is a free translation into English of the statutory auditors' report on the financial statements of the fund issued in French and it is provided solely for the convenience of English speaking users.

The statutory auditors' report includes information required by European regulation and French law, such as information about the appointment of the statutory auditors or verification of the management report.

This report should be read in conjunction with, and construed in accordance with, French law and professional auditing standards applicable in France.



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Postal address: TSA 20303 92030 La Défense Cedex, France

# **BNP PARIBAS MONE ETAT**

Open-ended investment company (société d'investissement à capital variable — SICAV)

1 boulevard Haussmann 75009 Paris, France

# Statutory Auditor's report on the annual financial statements

Financial year ended 30 December 2022

At the Shareholder's Meeting,

#### Opinion

In performing the task entrusted to us by your Board of Directors, we carried out the audit of the annual financial statements of the BNP PARIBAS MONE ETAT undertaking for collective investment established in the form of an open-ended investment company (SICAV), relating to the year ended 30 December 2022, as attached to this report.

We certify that the annual financial statements are, in conformity with French accounting rules and principles, accurate and consistent and give a true and fair view of the financial performance of the previous financial year, as well as the financial position and assets of the SICAV at the end of this financial year.

#### Basis of opinion on the annual financial statements

#### Audit terms of reference

We have conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of professional practice applicable in

France. We believe that the evidence gathered is sufficient and appropriate to justify our opinion.

Our responsibilities pursuant to these standards are set out in the "Statutory Auditor's responsibilities regarding the audit of the annual financial statements" section of this report.

Société par actions simplifiée (simplified joint-stock company) with capital of €2,188,160 Accounting firm registered with the Paris Île-de-France Tableau de l'Ordre Auditing firm and member of the Compagnie Régionale de Versailles (Regional Association of Statutory Auditors)

Auduling initial an initial of the Compagner Regionale de Versalies (Regional Association of Statutory Nanterier Trade and Companies Register No. 572 028 041 VAT: FR 02 572 028 041



#### Independence

We carried out our audit in accordance with the rules of independence laid down in the French Commercial Code and the Code of Ethics for Statutory Auditors, for the period from 1 January 2022, to the date of issue of our report.

#### Justification of assessments

In accordance with the provisions of Articles L. 823-9 and R. 823-7 of the French Commercial Code relating to the justification of our assessments, we would inform you that our most significant assessments, in our professional opinion, were based on the appropriateness of the accounting principles applied, particularly as regards the financial instruments in the portfolio, and the overall presentation of the annual financial statements, pursuant to the chart of accounts for open-ended undertakings for collective investment.

The assessments were made as part of our audit of the annual financial statements, taken as a whole, and therefore contributed to the formation of the opinion expressed in the first part of this report. We have no comment to make on any individual aspect of these annual financial statements.

#### Specific verifications

In accordance with the standards of professional practice applicable in France, we have also conducted the specific verifications required by the legal and regulatory provisions.

Information given in the management report and in the other documents on the financial position and annual financial statements addressed to shareholders

We have nothing to report with respect to the fair presentation and conformity with the financial statements, of the information contained in the management report of the Board of Directors and in the other documents addressed to the shareholders with respect to the financial position and the financial statements.

#### Information about corporate governance

We hereby certify that the corporate governance section of the management report issued by the Board of Directors includes the information required by Article L. 225-37-4 of the French Commercial Code.

# Responsibilities of management and those persons in charge of corporate governance relating to the annual financial statements

It is the management's responsibility to prepare annual financial statements that give a true and fair view, in accordance with French accounting rules and principles, and to implement the internal controls it deems necessary for the preparation of annual financial statements that do not include any material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

When preparing the annual financial statements, it is the responsibility of the company's management to assess the SICAV's ability to continue as a going concern, to present in said financial statements, where applicable, the necessary information relating to its viability as a going concern, and to apply the going concern accounting policy unless it intends to wind up the SICAV or to cease trading.

# Deloitte.

The annual financial statements have been prepared by the Board of Directors.

# Statutory Auditor's responsibilities regarding the audit of the annual financial statements

It is our responsibility to draw up a report on the annual financial statements. Our aim is to obtain reasonable assurance that the annual financial statements, taken as a whole, are free of material misstatement. Reasonable assurance corresponds to a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit performed in accordance with the standards of professional practice can systematically detect any material misstatement. Misstatements may arise from fraud or error and are considered material where it can reasonably be expected that, taken individually or together, they may influence the economic decisions made by users of the annual financial statements that are based upon such misstatements.

As specified by Article L. 823-10-1 of the French Commercial Code, our mission is to certify the financial statements and not to guarantee the viability or the quality of the management of your SICAV.

As part of an audit performed in accordance with the standards of professional practice applicable in France, the Statutory Auditor exercises its professional judgement throughout this audit. In addition:

- It identifies and assesses the risks that the annual financial statements may contain material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, sets out and implements the audit procedures intended to counter these risks, and collates the items that it deems sufficient and appropriate to justify its opinion. The risk of non-detection of a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than that of a material misstatement due to an error, since fraud may involve collusion, forgery, deliberate omissions, misrepresentation or the circumvention of internal control processes.
- It takes note of the internal control processes relevant to the audit so as to set out audit procedures that are appropriate to the circumstances, and not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control processes;
- They assess the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the management, as well as the information provided in their regard in the annual financial statements.
- They assess the appropriateness of the application by the company's management of the going concern accounting policy and, based on the evidence gathered, whether or not there is significant uncertainty relating to events or circumstances that may affect the SICAV's ability to continue as a going concern. This assessment is based on the evidence gathered up to the date of its report, on the understanding that subsequent events or circumstances may affect its viability as a going concern. If it concludes that there is significant uncertainty, it draws the attention of the reader of its report to the information provided in the annual financial statements about this uncertainty or, if this information is not provided or is not relevant, it issues certification with a reservation or a refusal to certify;



• It appraises the overall presentation of the annual financial statements and assesses whether said statements reflect the transactions and underlying events such that they provide a true and fair view thereof.

Paris La Défense, 21 March 2023

The Statutory Auditor Deloitte & Associés

Stéphane Collas

Jean-Marc Lecat

# Assets

	Financial year 30/12/2022	Financial year 31/12/2021
Net fixed assets	-	-
Deposits	33,001,748.33	-
Financial instruments	139,871,949.15	160,568,830.88
Equities and equivalent securities	-	-
Traded on a regulated or equivalent market	-	-
Not traded on a regulated or equivalent market	-	-
Bonds and equivalent securities	-	-
Traded on a regulated or equivalent market	-	-
Not traded on a regulated or equivalent market	-	-
Debt securities	121,730,542.12	152,143,985.46
Traded on a regulated or equivalent market – Negotiable debt securities	121,730,542.12	152,143,985.46
Traded on a regulated or equivalent market – Other debt securities	-	-
Not traded on a regulated or equivalent market	-	-
Securities in undertakings for collective investment	18,141,324.03	8,424,845.42
Retail UCITS and AIFs and their equivalents from other European Union member states intended for non-professional investors	18,141,324.03	8,424,845.42
Other funds and their equivalents from other European Union member states intended for non-professional investors	-	-
Professional investment funds and their equivalents from other European Union member states and listed securitisation undertakings	-	-
Other professional investment funds and their equivalents from other European Union member states and unlisted securitisation undertakings	-	-
Other non-European undertakings	-	-
Temporary securities transactions	-	-
Receivables representing securities received under repurchase agreements	-	-
Receivables representing loaned securities	-	-
Borrowed securities	-	-
Securities assigned under repurchase agreements	-	-
Other temporary transactions	-	-
Forward financial instruments	83.00	-
Transactions on a regulated or equivalent market	-	-
Other transactions	83.00	-
Other assets: Loans	-	-
Other financial instruments	-	-
Receivables	-	-
Forward foreign exchange transactions	-	-
Other	-	-
Financial accounts	17,194,506.94	30,300,320.00
Cash	17,194,506.94	30,300,320.00
TOTAL ASSETS	190,068,204.42	190,869,150.88

# Liabilities

	Financial year 30/12/2022	Financial year 31/12/2021
Shareholders'	-	-
equity Capital	190,642,421.09	191,970,434.77
Undistributed previous net capital gains and losses (a)		-
Balance carried forward (a)	-	-
Net capital gains and losses for the financial year (a, b)	-622,301.82	-822,809.05
Profit/loss for the financial year (a, b)	25,270.28	-293,902.53
Total shareholders' equity (= Amount representing net assets)	190,045,389.55	190,853,723.19
Financial instruments	6,516.15	
Disposals of financial instruments	-	-
Temporary securities transactions	-	-
Debts representing securities assigned under repurchase agreements	-	-
Debts representing borrowed securities	-	-
Other temporary transactions		-
Forward financial instruments	6,516.15	-
Transactions on a regulated or equivalent market	-	-
Other transactions	6,516.15	-
Debts	16,298.72	15,427.69
Forward foreign exchange transactions	-	-
Other	16,298.72	15,427.69
Financial accounts	-	-
Bank loans and overdrafts	-	-
Borrowings	-	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES	190,068,204.42	190,869,150.88

(a) Including accruals and deferrals.(b) Less interim payments made during the year.

# **Off-balance sheet**

	Financial year 30/12/2022	Financial year 31/12/2021
Hedging transactions		
Commitments on regulated or equivalent markets		
Over-the-counter commitments		
Interest rate swaps		
purchase of IRS1	7,000,000.00	-
purchase of IRS141	7,000,000.00	-
purchase of IRS142	7,000,000.00	-
purchase of IRS2	8,000,000.00	-
purchase of IRS3	7,000,000.00	-
purchase of IRS4	7,000,000.00	-
purchase of IRS5	4,000,000.00	-
purchase of IRS6	7,000,000.00	-
purchase of IRS7	5,000,000.00	-
Other commitments		
Other transactions		
Commitments on regulated or equivalent markets		
Over-the-counter commitments		
Other commitments		

# **Income statement**

	Financial year 30/12/2022	Financial year 31/12/2021
Income from financial transactions	-	-
Income from equities and equivalent securities	-	-
Income from bonds and equivalent securities	-	-
Income from debt securities	111,527.87	454.59
Income from temporary purchases and sales of securities	-	-
Income from forward financial instruments	-	-
Income from deposits and financial accounts	190,877.89	-105.00
Income from loans	-	-
Other financial income	-	-
TOTALI	302,405.76	349.59
Expenses on financial transactions	-	-
Expenses on temporary purchases and sales of securities		-
Expenses on forward financial instruments	-	-
Expenses on financial debts	-76,215.29	-112,770.40
Other financial expenses	-	-
TOTAL II	-76,215.29	-112,770.40
Profit/loss on financial transactions (I + II)	226,190.47	-112,420.81
Other income (III)	-	-
Management fees and provisions for depreciation (IV)	-183,405.46	-188,477.86
Net income for the financial year (I + II + III + IV)	42,785.01	-300,898.67
Accrued income for the financial year (V)	-17,514.73	6,996.14
Interim dividends paid during the financial year (VI)	-	-
Profit/loss (I + II + III + IV + V + VI)	25,270.28	-293,902.53

#### Accounting principles and policies

The annual financial statements are presented in the form provided for by ANC Regulation No. 2014-01 of 14 January 2014, as amended.

The accounting currency is the euro.

All transferable securities held in the portfolio are recognised at historical cost, excluding charges.

Securities, futures and options held in the portfolio denominated in a foreign currency are converted into the accounting currency based on the exchange rates in Paris on the valuation day.

The portfolio's value is appraised whenever the net asset value is calculated and at the end of the accounting period using the following methods:

#### Transferable securities

Listed securities: at stock market value, including accrued coupons (at the day's closing price).

However, transferable securities for which the price is not established on the valuation day or which are quoted by contributors and for which the price has been adjusted, and securities that are not traded on a regulated market, are valued under the responsibility of the Management Company (or the Board of Directors for an open-ended investment company (société d'investissement à capital variable – SICAV)), at their likely trading value. Prices are adjusted by the Management Company based on its knowledge of the issuers and/or markets.

UCIs: at their last known net asset value or, if unavailable, at their last estimated value. The net asset values of the securities of foreign undertakings for collective investment valued on a monthly basis are confirmed by the fund administrators. Valuations are updated weekly based on the estimates issued by the administrators of these UCIs and validated by the fund manager.

Negotiable debt securities and equivalent securities that are not traded in high volumes are valued using an actuarial method at a rate applicable to issues of equivalent securities, to which a variance representative of the intrinsic features of the issuer is assigned, if appropriate. In the absence of sensitivity, securities with a residual term of three months are valued at the most recent rate until maturity; for those acquired for periods of less than three months, the interest is calculated on a straight-line basis.

Temporary purchases and sales of securities:

- Securities lending: The receivable representing the securities loaned is valued at the securities' market value.
- Securities borrowing: The borrowed securities and their corresponding debt are valued at the securities' market value.
- Collateral: With regard to securities received as collateral when lending securities, the UCI has chosen to include these securities in the balance sheet using the value of the debt corresponding to the repayment commitment.
- Repurchase agreements with a residual term of three months or less: individualisation of the receivable based on the contract price. In this case, the remuneration is calculated on a straight-line basis.
- Long-term repurchase agreements: These are recorded and valued at their nominal amount, even if their maturity date extends beyond three months. Any associated accrued interest is added to this amount. However, some contracts provide special terms in the event of requests for early repayment in order to take into account the impact of the increase in the counterparty's financing curve. Accrued interest may then be reduced by this impact, with no applicable floor. The impact is in proportion to the residual maturity of the agreement and the difference between the contractual margin and the market margin for the same maturity date.
- Repurchase agreements with a residual maturity of three months or less: stock market value. The debt valued on the basis of the contractual value is recorded as a balance sheet liability. In this case, the remuneration is calculated on a straight-line basis.

#### Provision for market liquidity risk

In order to achieve the Fund's management objective as defined in the full prospectus, the Management Company may occasionally be required to correct the valuation of certain securities held in the portfolio due to cyclical price fluctuations in the markets concerned. Such corrections may not exceed 5 bps in relation to the Fund's net assets.

#### Forward financial instruments and options

#### Futures: at the day's settlement price.

The off-balance sheet valuation is calculated on the basis of the nominal value, its settlement price and, where appropriate, the exchange rate.

Options: the day's closing price or, failing this, the last known price.

Over-the-counter options: These options are valued at their market value, based on prices reported by the counterparties. These valuations are subject to controls by the Management Company.

The off-balance sheet valuation is calculated as an underlying equivalent based on the delta and the price of the underlying asset and, where appropriate, the exchange rate.

Term deposits: These are recorded and valued at their nominal amount, even if their maturity date extends beyond three months. Any associated accrued interest is added to this amount. However, some contracts provide special terms in the event of requests for early repayment in order to take into account the impact of the increase in the counterparty's financing curve. Accrued interest may then be reduced by this impact, but cannot be negative. Term deposits are valued at least at their nominal value.

#### Interest rate swaps:

- For swaps with a maturity of less than three months, interest is calculated on a straight-line basis.

- Swaps with a maturity of more than three months are revalued at market value.

Synthetic products (a security linked to a swap) are recognised as a whole. Interest accrued on swaps forming part of these products is valued on a straight-line basis.

#### Financial management fees and administrative fees external to the delegated financial manager

- maximum 0.40% incl. tax for "Privilege" shares
- maximum 0.20% incl. tax for "I" shares
- maximum 1% incl. tax for "Classic" shares

The fees are calculated on the basis of the net assets, after deduction of the UCITS or AIFs held in the portfolio. These fees, not including transaction fees, are charged directly to the SICAV's profit and loss account.

These fees cover all of the costs invoiced directly to the UCI, except for transaction fees. Transaction costs include intermediary fees (brokerage, stock market taxes etc.) as well as transaction fees, if any, that may be charged by the depositary and the management company, in particular.

#### **Research expenses**

None

#### PERFORMANCE FEE

None

#### **Retrocession of management fees**

None.

#### Method used to recognise interest

Interest received

#### Allocation of income

Accumulation for "Privilege" shares Accumulation for "I" shares Accumulation for "Classic" shares

#### Allocation of net realised capital gains

Accumulation for "Privilege" shares Accumulation for "I" shares Accumulation for "Classic" shares

#### Changes affecting the SICAV

None.

# Change in net assets

	Financial year 30/12/2022	Financial year 31/12/2021
Net assets at the beginning of the financial year	190,853,723.19	25,818,518.57
Subscriptions (including subscription fees paid to the UCI)	37,043,645.87	206,935,792.64
Redemptions (after deduction of redemption fees paid to the UCI)	-37,761,110.36	-40,681,941.91
Capital gains realised on deposits and financial instruments	6,084.09	95.13
Capital losses realised on deposits and financial instruments	-623,571.57	-796,111.89
Capital gains realised on forward financial instruments	-	-
Capital losses realised on forward financial instruments	-	-
Transaction fees	-	-
Exchange differences	-	-
Change in the valuation difference for deposits and financial instruments:	488,518.14	-129,701.33
Valuation difference, financial year N	344,794.79	-143,723.35
Valuation difference, financial year N-1	143,723.35	14,022.02
Change in the valuation difference for forward financial instruments:	-4,684.82	-
Valuation difference, financial year N	-4,684.82	-
Valuation difference, financial year N-1	-	-
Distribution from the previous financial year on net capital gains and losses	-	-
Distribution from the previous financial year on income	-	-
Net income for the financial year before accruals and deferrals	42,785.01	-300,898.67
Interim dividend(s) paid during the financial year on net capital gains and losses	-	-
Interim dividend(s) paid during the financial year on income	-	-
Other items*	-	7,970.65
Net assets at the end of the financial year	190,045,389.55	190,853,723.19

\* Provision for liquidity risk

# **Additional information 1**

	Financial year 30/12/2022
Fixed assets	
Value of fixed assets	-
Depreciation of fixed assets	-
Commitments received or given	
Commitments received or given (capital surety or other commitments) (*)	-
Current value of financial instruments registered in the portfolio constituting collateral deposits	
Financial instruments received as collateral and not recorded on the balance sheet	-
Financial instruments given as collateral and kept under the original item	
Financial instruments in the portfolio issued by the provider or entities in its group	
Deposits	-
Equities	-
Interest rate securities	-
UCIs	18,141,324.03
Temporary purchases and sales of securities	-
Swaps (nominal)	
Current value of financial instruments subject to a temporary purchase	
Securities acquired under repurchase agreements	-
Securities received under resale agreements	-
Borrowed securities	-

(\*) For guaranteed UCIs, the information appears in the accounting principles and policies.

# **Additional information 2**

	Financial year 30/12/2022	
ssues and redemptions during the financial year	Number of securities	
PRIVILEGE class (Currency: EUR)		
Number of securities issued	16,953.883	
Number of securities redeemed	4,204.253	
I class (Currency: EUR)		
Number of securities issued	300.000	
Number of securities redeemed	600.000	
CLASSIC class (Currency: EUR)		
Number of securities issued	38,618.859	
Number of securities redeemed	21,757.990	
ubscription and/or redemption fees	Amount (EUR)	
Subscription fees paid to the UCI		
Redemption fees paid to the UCI	-	
Subscription fees received and shared	22,614.47	
Redemption fees received and shared		
lanagement fees	Amount (EUR)	% of average net assets
PRIVILEGE class (Currency: EUR)		
Operating and management fees (*) Performance fees	20,391.15 -	0.10
Other charges		-
I class (Currency: EUR)		
Operating and management fees (*) Performance fees	162,609.20 -	0.10
Other charges		-
CLASSIC class (Currency: EUR)		
Operating and management fees (*)	405.11	0.11
Performance fees	-	-
Other charges	-	-
Retrocessions of management fees (all units)		

(\*) For UCIs with a financial year that is not 12 months, the percentage of average net assets corresponds to the average annualised rate.

# Breakdown of receivables and debts by type

	Financial year 30/12/2022
Breakdown of receivables by type	
Tax credit to recover	-
Deposit – EUR	
Deposit – other currencies	
Cash collateral	
Valuation of purchases of currency futures	-
Exchange value of forward sales	
Other miscellaneous debtors	
Coupons receivable	-
Breakdown of debts by type	
Deposit – EUR	-
Deposit – other currencies	
Cash collateral	
Provisions for loan charges	
Valuation of sales of currency futures	
Exchange value of forward purchases	
Costs and expenses not yet paid	16,298.72
Other miscellaneous payables	-
Provisions for market liquidity risk	-
TOTAL DEBTS	16,298.72

# Breakdown of instruments by legal or economic type

	Financial year 30/12/2022
Assets	-
Bonds and equivalent securities	-
Index-linked bonds	-
Convertible bonds	-
Equity securities	-
Other bonds and equivalent securities	-
Debt securities	121,730,542.12
Traded on a regulated or equivalent market	121,730,542.12
Treasury bills	6,951,490.00
Other negotiable debt securities	114,779,052.12
Other debt securities	-
Not traded on a regulated or equivalent market	-
Other assets: Loans	
Liabilities	
Disposals of financial instruments	
Equities	-
Bonds	-
Other	-
Off-balance sheet	
Hedging transactions	
Interest rates	59,000,000.00
Equities	-
Other	-
Other transactions	
Interest rates	-
Equities	-
Other	-

# Breakdown of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items by interest rate type

	Fixed rate	Variable rate	Adjustable rate	Other
Assets				
Deposits	33,001,748.33	-	-	-
Bonds and equivalent securities	-	-	-	-
Debt securities	114,710,982.54	7,019,559.58	-	-
Temporary securities transactions	-	-	-	-
Other assets: Loans	-	-	-	-
Financial accounts	-	-	-	17,194,506.94
Liabilities				
Temporary securities transactions	-	-	-	-
Financial accounts	-	-	-	-
Off-balance sheet				
Hedging transactions	59,000,000.00	-	-	-
Other transactions	-	-	-	

# Breakdown of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items by residual maturity

	[0–3 months]	]3 months–1 year]	]1–3 years]	]3–5 years]	> 5 years
Assets					
Deposits	33,001,748.33	-	-	-	-
Bonds and equivalent securities	-	-	-	-	-
Debt securities	107,825,410.32	13,905,131.80	-	-	-
Temporary securities transactions	-	-	-	-	-
Other assets: Loans	-	-	-	-	-
Financial accounts	17,194,506.94	-	-	-	-
Liabilities					-
Temporary securities transactions	-	-	-	-	-
Financial accounts	-	-	-	-	-
Off-balance sheet					
Hedging transactions	45,000,000.00	14,000,000.00	-	-	-
Other transactions	-	-	-	-	-

# Breakdown of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items by listing currency

	Curren cy
Assets	None
Deposits	-
Equities and equivalent securities	-
Bonds and equivalent securities	-
Debt securities	-
UCI securities	-
Temporary securities transactions	-
Other assets: Loans	-
Other financial instruments	-
Receivables	-
Financial accounts	-
Liabilities	None
Disposals of financial instruments	-
Temporary securities transactions	-
Debts	-
Financial accounts	-
Off-balance sheet	None
Hedging transactions	-
Other transactions	-

As at 30 December 2022, the portfolio only holds financial instruments denominated in its accounting currency.

## Allocation of income

## PRIVILEGE class (Currency: EUR)

## Allocation table of distributable amounts relating to income

	Financial year 30/12/2022	Financial year 31/12/2021
Amounts still to be allocated		
Balance carried forward	-	-
Profit/loss	3,640.88	-30,449.75
Total	3,640.88	-30,449.75
Allocation		
Distribution	-	-
Balance carried forward for the financial year	-	-
Accumulation	3,640.88	-30,449.75
Total	3,640.88	-30,449.75
Information relating to securities with distribution rights		
Number of securities	-	-
Distribution per unit	-	-
Tax credits and tax benefits attached to the distribution of income		
Overall amount of tax credits and tax benefits:		
originating in the year	-	-
originating in year N-1	-	-
originating in year N-2	-	-
originating in year N-3	-	-
originating in year N-4	-	-

## Allocation table of distributable amounts relating to net capital gains and losses

	Financial year 30/12/2022	Financial year 31/12/2021
Amounts still to be allocated		
Undistributed previous net capital gains and losses	-	-
Net capital gains and losses for the financial year	-108,337.32	-85,246.56
Interim payments on net capital gains and losses for the financial year	-	-
Total	-108,337.32	-85,246.56
Allocation		
Distribution	-	-
Undistributed net capital gains and losses	-	-
Accumulation	-108,337.32	-85,246.56
Total	-108,337.32	-85,246.56
Information relating to securities with distribution rights		
Number of securities	-	-
Distribution per unit	-	-

## I class (Currency: EUR)

## Allocation table of distributable amounts relating to income

	Financial year 30/12/2022	Financial year 31/12/2021
Amounts still to be allocated		
Balance carried forward	-	-
Profit/loss	21,418.83	-259,871.21
Total	21,418.83	-259,871.21
Allocation		
Distribution	-	-
Balance carried forward for the financial year	-	-
Accumulation	21,418.83	-259,871.21
Total	21,418.83	-259,871.21
Information relating to securities with distribution rights		
Number of securities	-	-
Distribution per unit	-	-
Tax credits and tax benefits attached to the distribution of income		
Overall amount of tax credits and tax benefits:		
originating in the year	-	-
originating in year N-1	-	-
originating in year N-2	-	-
originating in year N-3	-	-
originating in year N-4	-	-

## Allocation table of distributable amounts relating to net capital gains and losses

	Financial year 30/12/2022	Financial year 31/12/2021
Amounts still to be allocated		
Undistributed previous net capital gains and losses	-	-
Net capital gains and losses for the financial year	-500,993.00	-727,536.77
Interim payments on net capital gains and losses for the financial year	-	-
Total	-500,993.00	-727,536.77
Allocation		
Distribution	-	-
Undistributed net capital gains and losses	-	-
Accumulation	-500,993.00	-727,536.77
Total	-500,993.00	-727,536.77
Information relating to securities with distribution rights		
Number of securities	-	-
Distribution per unit	-	-

## CLASSIC class (Currency: EUR)

## Allocation table of distributable amounts relating to income

	Financial year 30/12/2022	Financial year 31/12/2021
Amounts still to be allocated		
Balance carried forward	-	-
Profit/loss	210.57	-3,581.57
Total	210.57	-3,581.57
Allocation		
Distribution	-	-
Balance carried forward for the financial year	-	-
Accumulation	210.57	-3,581.57
Total	210.57	-3,581.57
Information relating to securities with distribution rights		
Number of securities	-	-
Distribution per unit	-	-
Tax credits and tax benefits attached to the distribution of income		
Overall amount of tax credits and tax benefits:		
originating in the year	-	-
originating in year N-1	-	-
originating in year N-2	-	-
originating in year N-3	-	-
originating in year N-4	-	-

## Allocation table of distributable amounts relating to net capital gains and losses

	Financial year 30/12/2022	Financial year 31/12/2021
Amounts still to be allocated		
Undistributed previous net capital gains and losses		-
Net capital gains and losses for the financial year	-12,971.50	-10,025.72
Interim payments on net capital gains and losses for the financial year	-	-
Total	-12,971.50	-10,025.72
Allocation		
Distribution	-	-
Undistributed net capital gains and losses	-	-
Accumulation	-12,971.50	-10,025.72
Total	-12,971.50	-10,025.72
Information relating to securities with distribution rights		
Number of securities	-	-
Distribution per unit	-	-

# Table of results and other characteristic items over the last five financial years

## PRIVILEGE class (Currency: EUR)

	31/12/2018	31/12/2019	31/12/2020	31/12/2021	30/12/2022
Net asset value (in EUR)					
C shares	1,061.7502	1,057.2907	1,052.5062	1,045.9188	1,045.1658
Net assets (in EUR K)	30,634.50	21,600.91	23,086.65	19,773.23	33,084.47
Number of securities					
C shares	28,852.831	20,430.434	21,934.933	18,905.127	31,654.757

Payment date	31/12/2018	31/12/2019	31/12/2020	31/12/2021	30/12/2022
Distribution per unit on net capital gains and losses (including interim dividends) (in EUR)	-	-	-	-	
<b>Distribution per unit on income</b> (including interim dividends) (in EUR)	-	-	-	-	-
Tax credits per unit (*) individuals (in EUR)	-	-	-	-	
Accumulation per unit on net capital gains and losses (in EUR) C shares	-3.53	-3.19	-3.08	-4.50	-3.42
Accumulation per unit on income (in EUR) C shares	-1.33	-1.32	-1.57	-1.61	0.11

(\*) "The tax credit per unit is calculated on the payment date, in accordance with the French tax instruction dated 04/03/93 (Inst. 4 K-1-93). The theoretical amounts, calculated in accordance with the rules applicable to individuals, are shown here for information purposes. "Instruction 4 J-2-99 of 08/11/99 also specifies that beneficiaries of tax credits other than individuals are solely responsible for calculating the amount of the tax credits to which they are entitled."

### I class (Currency: EUR)

	31/12/2018	31/12/2019	31/12/2020	31/12/2021	30/12/2022
Net asset value (in EUR)					
C shares	52,954.9445	52,732.5036	52,493.9000	52,165.3492	52,129.3589
Net assets (in EUR K)	582.50	580.06	577.43	168,754.90	152,999.67
Number of securities					
C shares	11.000	11.000	11.000	3,235.000	2,935.000

Payment date	31/12/2018	31/12/2019	31/12/2020	31/12/2021	30/12/2022
Distribution per unit on net capital gains and losses (including interim dividends) (in EUR)	-	-	-	-	-
Distribution per unit on income (including interim dividends) (in EUR)	-	-	-	-	
Tax credits per unit (*) individuals (in EUR)	-	-	-	-	
Accumulation per unit on net capital gains and losses (in EUR) C shares	-176.24	-159.17	-153.92	-224.89	-170.69
Accumulation per unit on income (in EUR) C shares	-66.33	-66.26	-78.59	-80.33	7.29

(\*) "The tax credit per unit is calculated on the payment date, in accordance with the French tax instruction dated 04/03/93 (Inst. 4 K-1-93). The theoretical amounts, calculated in accordance with the rules applicable to individuals, are shown here for information purposes. "Instruction 4 J-2-99 of 08/11/99 also specifies that beneficiaries of tax credits other than individuals are solely responsible for calculating the amount of the tax credits to which they are entitled."

### CLASSIC class (Currency: EUR)

	31/12/2018	31/12/2019	31/12/2020	31/12/2021	30/12/2022
Net asset value (in EUR)					
C shares	98.6638	98.2494	97.8046	97.1926	97.1168
Net assets (in EUR K)	403.34	335.89	2,154.43	2,325.59	3,961.25
Number of securities					
C shares	4,088.007	3,418.788	22,027.911	23,927.650	40,788.519

Payment date	31/12/2018	31/12/2019	31/12/2020	31/12/2021	30/12/2022
Distribution per unit on net capital gains and losses (including interim dividends) (in EUR)	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Distribution per unit on income</b> (including interim dividends) (in EUR)	-	-	-	-	-
Tax credits per unit (*) individuals (in EUR)	-	-	-	-	-
Accumulation per unit on net capital gains and losses (in EUR) C shares	-0.32	-0.29	-0.28	-0.41	-0.31
Accumulation per unit on income (in EUR) C shares	-0.12	-0.12	-0.14	-0.14	

(\*) "The tax credit per unit is calculated on the payment date, in accordance with the French tax instruction dated 04/03/93 (Inst. 4 K-1-93). The theoretical amounts, calculated in accordance with the rules applicable to individuals, are shown here for information purposes. "Instruction 4 J-2-99 of 08/11/99 also specifies that beneficiaries of tax credits other than individuals are solely responsible for calculating the amount of the tax credits to which they are entitled."

# Inventory of financial instruments as at 30 December 2022

Asset items and description of securities	Quantity	Price	Listing currency	Current value	Rounded % of net assets
Debt securities				121,730,542.12	64.05
Traded on a regulated or equivalent market				121,730,542.12	64.05
Negotiable debt securities				121,730,542.12	64.05
AGENCE FRANCAISE DE DEVELOPMENT ESTERCAP	7,000,000.00	100.00	EUR	7,019,559.58	3.69
AGENCE FRANCE LOCALE 0% 13/01/2023	7,000,000.00	99.93	EUR	6,995,017.54	3.68
BRUSSELS REGION OF 0% 17/01/2023	7,000,000.00	99.91	EUR	6,993,485.87	3.68
BUNDESIMMOBILIENGESELLSCHAFT MBH 0% 20/0	7,000,000.00	99.89	EUR	6,992,337.59	3.68
CASSA DEPOSITI E PRESTITI SPA 0% 21/02/2	7,000,000.00	99.69	EUR	6,978,349.98	3.67
CDC HABITAT 0% 05/01/2023 NEUCP	4,000,000.00	99.97	EUR	3,998,905.92	2.10
CDC HABITAT 0% 21/03/2023 NEUCP	4,000,000.00	99.49	EUR	3,979,685.72	2.09
FLEMISH COMMUNITY 0% 19/01/2023	2,000,000.00	99.90	EUR	1,997,920.08	1.05
FRANCE(ELECTRICITE DE) 0% 03/02/2023 NEU	8,000,000.00	99.80	EUR	7,984,323.36	4.20
ITALY BOTS 0% 22-28/04/2023	7,000,000.00	99.31	EUR	6,951,490.00	3.66
PARIS (CREDIT MUNICIPAL DE) 0% 28/02/2023	7,000,000.00	99.66	EUR	6,976,045.65	3.67
REGIE AUTONOME DES TRANSPORTS PARISIENS	7,000,000.00	99.93	EUR	6,995,024.05	3.68
REGION OCCITANIE 0% 22/02/2023 NEUCP	7,000,000.00	99.69	EUR	6,978,200.88	3.67
REGION REUNION 0% 19/01/2023 NEUCP	6,000,000.00	99.90	EUR	5,993,760.24	3.15
RTE RESEAU DE TRANSPORT DELECTRICITE SA	7,000,000.00	99.79	EUR	6,984,951.75	3.68
SERVICE PUBLIC DE WALLONIE 0% 11/04/2023	7,000,000.00	99.34	EUR	6,953,641.80	3.66
SOCIETE DU GRAND PARIS 0% 26/01/2023 NEU	5,000,000.00	99.86	EUR	4,992,887.20	2.63
SYNDICAT DES TRANSPORTS DILE DE FRANCE 0	7,000,000.00	99.53	EUR	6,967,419.83	3.67
UNION NATIONALE INTERPROFESSIONNELLE POU	9,000,000.00	99.97	EUR	8,997,535.08	4.73
UCI securities				18,141,324.03	9.55
Retail UCITS and AIFs and their equivalents from othe for non-professional investors	es intended	18,141,324.03	9.55		
BNP PARIBAS CASH INVEST 82C	9.215	984,190.17	EUR	9,069,312.42	4.77
BNPP INSTICASH EUR 1D CAP I	66,169.0738	137.10	EUR	9,072,011.61	4.77
Forward financial instruments				-6,433.15	-
Interest rate swaps				-6,433.15	-
IRS1	7,000,000.00	-	EUR	-534.11	-
IRS141	7,000,000.00	-	EUR	-939.19	-
IRS142	7,000,000.00	-	EUR	83.00	-
IRS2	8,000,000.00	-	EUR	-1,185.31	-
IRS3	7,000,000.00	-	EUR	-1,977.64	-

# Inventory of financial instruments as at 30 December 2022

Asset items and description of securities	Quantity	Price	Listing currency	Current value	Rounded % of net assets
IRS4	7,000,000.00		- EUR	-646.17	-
IRS5	4,000,000.00		- EUR	-16.90	-
IRS6	7,000,000.00		- EUR	-641.62	-
IRS7	5,000,000.00		- EUR	-575.21	-
Receivables				-	-
Debts				-16,298.72	-0.01
Deposits				33,001,748.33	17.37
Other financial accounts				17,194,506.94	9.05
TOTAL NET ASSETS			EUR	190,045,389.55	100.00

### **ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING OF 24 APRIL 2023**

**RESOLUTIONS VOTED ON** 

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### First resolution

The General Meeting of Shareholders, deliberating in accordance with the quorum and majority requirements for Ordinary General Meetings of Shareholders, having heard the Board of Directors' report and the Statutory Auditor's report on the financial statements, approved all the sections of the Board's report and the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2022, as presented.

The Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders reported that the capital, which was €190,642,421.09 divided into 2,935.000 "I" shares, 31,654.757 "Privilege" shares and 40,788.519 "Classic" shares on 31 December 2022, had been €191,970,434.77 divided into 3,235.000 "I" shares, 18,905.127 "Privilege" shares and 23,927.650 "Classic" shares on 31 December 2021.

#### **Resolution approved unanimously**

#### Second resolution

The General Meeting of Shareholders, deliberating in accordance with the quorum and majority requirements for Ordinary General Meetings of Shareholders, approved the allocation and distribution of income from the financial year ended 31 December 2022, as proposed by the Board of Directors.

Thus, in accordance with the Articles of Association, the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders approved the result for the financial year ended 31 December 2022 as €25,270.28 and decided to allocate it as follows:

- For the "I" class, to record in capital the sum of €21,418.83;
- For the "Privilege" class, to record in capital the sum of €3,640.88;
- For the "Classic" class, to record in capital the sum of €210.57.

In accordance with the legal provisions, it should be noted that no dividend has been paid in the last three financial years.

#### Resolution approved unanimously

#### Third resolution

The General Meeting of Shareholders, deliberating in accordance with the quorum and majority requirements for Ordinary General Meetings of Shareholders, approved the allocation and distribution of net realised capital losses from the financial year ended on 31 December 2022, as proposed by the Board of Directors.

Thus, in accordance with the Articles of Association, the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders approved the amount of net realised capital losses for the financial year ended 31 December 2022 at -€622,301.82 and decided to allocate it as follows:

- For the "I" class, to record in capital the sum of -€500,993.00;
- For the "Privilege" class, to record in capital the sum of -€108,337.32;
- For the "Classic" class, to record in capital the sum of -€12,971.50.

#### **Resolution approved unanimously**

### Fourth resolution

The General Meeting of Shareholders, deliberating in accordance with the quorum and majority requirements for Ordinary General Meetings of Shareholders, duly acknowledged the special report drafted by the Statutory Auditor pursuant to Articles L. 225-38 et seq. of the French Commercial Code and approved its conclusions.

#### **Resolution approved unanimously**

#### Fifth resolution

The Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders, acting in accordance with the quorum and majority conditions required for Ordinary General Meetings of Shareholders, and having reviewed the report of the Board of Directors, resolved to ratify the co-opted appointment as Director, decided by the Board of Directors on 20 October 2022, of Marilyn Jacquet for the remainder of the term of office of Cécile du Merle, who resigned; i.e. until the General Meeting of Shareholders held to approve the financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2024.

#### **Resolution approved unanimously**

#### Sixth resolution

The General Meeting of Shareholders, deliberating in accordance with the quorum and majority requirements for Ordinary General Meetings of Shareholders, gives full powers to the Company LEXTENSO/PETITES AFFICHES and LVPRO, as well as to any bearer of a copy or an extract of the various documents submitted to this Meeting and of the minutes thereof for the fulfilment of the formalities required by law.

#### **Resolution approved unanimously**

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