



ECHIQUIER ROBOTICS

Prospectus
01/12/2022

UCITS compliant with European Directive 2009/65/EC



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1. General features

1.1 Form of the UCITS

1.1.1. Company name

Echiquier Robotics

1.1.2. Legal form and member state in which the UCITS was created

Fonds Commun de Placement (investment fund) under French law.

1.1.3. Inception date and expected lifetime:

The Fund was created on 28 January 2015 for a term of 99 years.

1.1.4. Fund overview

Features					
Unit(s)	ISIN Code	Distributable sums allocation	Base currency	Target investors	Minimum subscription amount
Unit A	FR0012417350	Net income: Accumulation Realised net gains: Accumulation	Euro	All investors	None
Unit K	FR0012413722	Net income: Accumulation Realised net gains: Accumulation	Euro	Reserved for institutional investors and distribution by financial intermediaries	None

1.1.5. Where to obtain the latest annual and interim reports

The latest annual and interim reports are available on the website www.lfde.com or may be sent to unitholders within eight business days on written request to:

LA FINANCIERE DE L'ECHIQUIER
53 Avenue d'Iéna
75116 Paris

If required, additional information may be obtained from the management company by telephoning +33 (0)1.47.23.90.90.

1.2 Parties involved

1.2.1. Management Company

The management company was authorised by the AMF (Autorité des Marchés Financiers) on 17/01/1991 under number GP 91004 (general licence). LA FINANCIERE DE L'ECHIQUIER
53 Avenue d'Iéna
75116 Paris

1.2.2. Depositary and custodian

BNP PARIBAS SA
16 boulevard des Italiens
75009 Paris
Trade and Companies Register: 662 042 449 RCS Paris

BNP PARIBAS SA is a licensed bank authorised by the Autorité de Contrôle Prudentiel et de Résolution (ACPR). It is also the issuance account keeper (UCITS unitholders) and the centralising agent appointed to act on behalf of the Fund.

Description of its duties and of conflicts of interest that may arise:

The Depositary exercises three types of responsibilities, namely the oversight of the management company (as defined in Article 22.3 of the UCITS V directive), the monitoring of the cash flows of the UCITS (as set out in Article 22.4) and the safekeeping of the UCITS assets (per Article 22.5). The overriding objective of the Depositary is to protect the interests of the holders/investors of the UCITS, which always prevail over any commercial interests.

Conflicts of interest may arise if and when the management company or the UCITS maintains other business relationships with BNP Paribas SA in parallel with an appointment of BNP Paribas SA acting as Depositary. For example, BNP Paribas SA could, as well as acting as Depositary, also provide the UCITS or the management company with fund administration services, including net asset value calculation.

In order to address situations of conflicts of interest, the Depositary has implemented and maintains a management of conflicts of interest policy, aiming at:

- Identifying and analysing potential situations of conflicts of interest;
- Recording, managing and monitoring conflicts of interest by:
 - Relying on the permanent measures in place to address conflicts of interest such as maintaining separate legal entities, segregation of duties, separation of reporting lines, insider lists for staff members,
 - Implementing a case-by-case management to (i) take the appropriate preventive measures such as drawing up a new watch list, implementing a new Chinese wall, making sure that operations are carried out at arm's length and/or informing the concerned client, or (ii) refuse to carry out the activity giving rise to the conflict of interest.

Description of any safekeeping functions delegated by the Depositary, the list of delegates and subdelegates and any conflicts of interest that may arise from such a delegation:

The Depositary of the UCITS, BNP Paribas SA, is responsible for safekeeping of the assets (as defined in Article 22.5 of the directive cited above). In order to provide custody services in a large number of countries, allowing UCITS to meet their investment objectives, BNP Paribas SA has appointed sub-custodians in countries where BNP Paribas SA has no direct local presence. These entities are listed on the following site:

<https://securities.bnpparibas.com>

The process of appointing sub-custodians and their continuing oversight follows the highest quality standards, including the management of any potential conflict of interest that should arise from such an appointment.

Up-to-date information on the two previous points will be sent to the investor on request.

1.2.3. Statutory auditor

RSM Paris
Represented by Fabien Crégut
26 rue Cambacérès 75008 Paris

1.2.4. Distributor

LA FINANCIERE DE L'ECHIQUIER
53 Avenue d'Iéna
75116 Paris

This list of distributors is not exhaustive, mainly as the UCITS is listed on Euroclear. As a result, some distributors may not be mandated by or known to the management company.

1.2.5. Delegates

Administrative and Accounting Management
SOCIETE GENERALE
29 boulevard Haussmann – 75009 Paris

1.2.6. Advisers

None.

1.2.7. Centralising agent for subscription and redemption orders appointed by the management company

BNP Paribas SA is responsible for receiving subscription and redemption orders.

2. Operating and management procedures

2.1 General features

2.1.1. Characteristics of units

Unit A ISIN code: :FR0012417350

Unit K ISIN code: :FR0012413722

Nature of right attached to the unit class: Each unitholder has a co-ownership right to the fund's assets in proportion to the number of units held.

Liability accounting: Liability accounting is performed by the depositary, BNP PARIBAS SA. The administration of units is carried out by Euroclear France.

Voting rights: as the Fund is a jointly-owned pool of transferable securities, no voting rights are attached to the units held. Decisions on the Fund are taken by the management company in the unitholders' interests.

Form of the units: Bearer units.

Sub-division of units: Subscriptions and redemptions are carried out in thousandths of units.

2.1.2. Year-end

The last trading day of the Paris stock market in December each year.

2.1.3. Tax regime

This prospectus does not purport to set out the tax implications for investors of subscribing, redeeming, holding or selling the Fund's units. These tax implications will vary depending on the laws and practices in force in the unitholder's country of residence, domicile, or incorporation and on the unitholder's individual circumstances.

Depending on your tax status, country of residence or the jurisdiction from which you invest in this Fund, any capital gains and income resulting from the holding of units of the Fund may be subject to tax. We advise you to consult a tax adviser in relation to the potential consequences of purchasing, holding, selling or redeeming units of the Fund according to the laws of your country of tax residence, ordinary residence or domicile.

Neither the management company nor the distributors shall accept any responsibility whatsoever for the tax consequences that may arise for investors following a decision to purchase, hold, sell or redeem units of the Fund.

The Fund offers 2 classes of accumulation units. Investors are advised to consult their tax adviser on the regulations in force in their country of residence for their particular situation (individuals, legal entities subject to corporate income tax, etc.). The rules applying to French resident investors are set by the French General Tax Code.

In general, investors are advised to consult their usual financial adviser or customer relationship manager to clarify the tax rules applicable in their particular circumstances.

Under the United States FATCA regulations (Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act), investors may be required to provide the UCI, the management company or their agent with information on their personal identity and place of residence (domicile and tax residence) for the purpose of identifying "US persons", as defined by FATCA. This information may be sent to the United States tax authorities via the French tax authorities. The failure by investors to fulfil this obligation may result in the deduction of a 30% withholding tax on US source income. Notwithstanding the efforts of the management company in relation to FATCA, investors are asked to ensure that the financial intermediary they have used to invest in the Fund has "Participating FFI" status. For more information, investors should contact a tax adviser.

2.2 Specific features

2.2.1. Classification

International equities

2.2.2. Investment objective

Echiquier Robotics is a dynamic fund seeking performance (net of management fees) over the recommended investment period of 5 years through exposure to the international equity markets through physical securities, UCI units, derivatives, or securities with embedded derivatives.

2.2.3. Benchmark

The MSCI WORLD NET TOTAL RETURN (in EUR) index, calculated in euros with net dividends reinvested, may be used as an indicator for ex-post performance comparison. The MSCI World calculated in euros and net dividends reinvested (Bloomberg code M1WO INDEX in USD converted into EUR).

The administrator MSCI Limited of the benchmark index is included in the register of administrators and benchmarks kept by the ESMA.

In accordance with Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2016, the management company has a procedure for monitoring the benchmark indices used, describing the measures to be implemented in the event of substantial changes to an index or should that index no longer be provided

This index is used for illustrative purposes only insofar as it does not accurately reflect the fund's strategy or its geographical and sectoral allocation. The management of this UCITS is neither index-linked nor index-referenced. No correlation is sought with the benchmark index. The portfolio composition therefore does not follow that of the index, and the Fund's performance may deviate from this benchmark in the long term.

2.2.4. Investment strategy

1. Strategies used

Management is geared towards international equity markets and complies with the provisions of Article 8 of the SFDR.

Echiquier Robotics implements an active and discretionary management strategy.

Its management is based on rigorous stock picking with the stocks chosen following a process involving a qualitative and/or quantitative fundamental analysis of the companies in which the Fund invests.

A fundamental analysis is then carried out on each company, using a rating framework developed in-house that assesses several criteria including:

- the quality of the company's management
- the growth prospects for its business
- the quality of its financial structure
- visibility on future earnings
- environmental and social aspects
- the speculative nature of the stock

The values used result from the setting of target purchase and sale prices on the basis of a medium-term valuation.

The selected securities therefore underwent a highly selective process based on quantitative and qualitative analysis. The methodology involving the setting of a purchase price and a sale price make it possible to establish a position on securities presenting a potential for future appreciation by the market.

The investment strategy primarily aims to pick stocks in the robotics sector, including companies whose activity is indirectly related to the robotics sector (suppliers, service providers, etc.) in all geographical areas. Exposure to emerging markets is limited to 50% of the Fund's net assets.

The management company undertakes to take part at all times, in the votes of the General Meetings of the companies included in the portfolio. For more information, investors should refer to the Voting Policy available on www.lfde.com.

The Fund does not have any particular constraints on the market capitalisation of the selected companies.

At least 60% of the net assets of Echiquier Robotics is exposed to European and/or international equity markets. It is exposed to currency risk, which will be between 0% and 100% of net assets.

For cash management purposes, the Fund may invest:

- up to 40% of net assets in negotiable debt securities without any rating, country of origin, or currency constraints.
- up to 10% in UCI units or shares.

Echiquier Robotics may use derivatives for hedging and exposure to equity market, index, and currency risks.

The subfund systematically incorporates environmental, social and governance criteria. The examples of indicators used for each of the E, S, and G criteria are as follows:

- Environmental indicators: environmental policy and actions, results of action plans put in place by the company, exposure of suppliers to environmental risks, positive or negative impact of products on the environment

- Social indicators: attractiveness of the employer brand, employee retention, anti-discrimination, employee protection, exposure of suppliers to social risks, relations with civil society.
- Governance indicators: competence of the management team, checks and balances, respect for minority shareholders, business ethics.

The extra-financial objectives used in the fund's management consist of:

- Carrying out an ESG analysis of the issuers (minimum 90%)

An ESG rating out of 10 is awarded to each issuer. This rating is established using an in-house methodology by the management company and is composed as follows:

- Governance: The Governance score represents around 60% of the overall ESG rating. This is a historical stake for La Financière de l'Echiquier, which since its creation has attached particular importance to this aspect.

Environmental and Social: Social and environmental criteria are combined to determine a Responsibility score. Its calculation takes into account the type of company:

- For industrial stocks: the social and environmental criteria are equally weighted in the "Responsibility" score;
- For service stocks: the "Social" score accounts for 2/3 of the "Responsibility" score, while the "Environmental" score represents 1/3 of the "Responsibility" score

- Having an average ESG rating higher than the investment universe.

- Implementing an exclusion approach through sector and norms-based exclusions.

- Using a filter based on ESG convictions (application of a minimum rating).

Sustainable investment

A sustainable investment meets three criteria:

- the company's activity contributes positively to an **environmental or social objective**
- it **does not cause significant harm** to any of these objectives
- the company applies **good governance practices**

Investments considered sustainable within the meaning of the SFDR will represent at least 10% of the UCI's net assets. The details of the proprietary methodology applied by the management company to determine this percentage are described in the SFDR appendix of the UCI.

Consideration of principal adverse impacts

Lastly, the management team takes the principal adverse sustainability impacts into account in its investment decisions.

For more detailed information on the consideration of principal adverse impacts, investors should refer to Article 4 of the management company's SFDR policy available on the website: www.lfde.com.

Alignment with the taxonomy

The subfund may invest in environmentally sustainable economic activities. However, the ESG rating assigned to each security is

the result of a global analysis that also takes into account social and governance criteria. It therefore does not allow a targeted approach to a particular objective of the European Taxonomy or to assess the degree of alignment of an investment.

In this case, the principle which states “do no significant harm” applies only to underlying investments which take into account European Union criteria in matters of environmentally sustainable economic activities and not the remaining portion of the underlying investments. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the criteria of the European Union in matters of environmentally sustainable economic activities. The subfund is committed to a 0% alignment with the European Taxonomy.

The methodological limits of the ESG approach mainly concern the reliability of the extra-financial data published by the issuers and the subjective nature of the rating system applied by the management company.

For more detailed information on the extra-financial rating methodology used for the subfund and its limits, investors should visit the website www.lfde.com.

2. Assets used (excluding derivatives)

a) Equities:

At all times, at least of 60% of the net assets of Echiquier Robotics is exposed to equity risks through investments in shares of listed companies around the world. The eligible shares in the portfolio may be of any capitalisation.

b) Debt securities and money market instruments:

Echiquier Robotics may invest up to 40% of its assets in debt securities and money market instruments, including BTAN, BTF, treasury notes, certificates of deposit, and ECP (European commercial papers) denominated in euros without any geographical or minimum rating constraints. FCM Robotique may also invest in debt securities issued by the United States within the limit of regulatory ratios.

On an incidental basis, the Fund may invest in fixed-income products not denominated in euros or US dollars.

3. Investment in the securities of other undertakings for collective investment

The mutual fund may hold up to 10% of its net assets in shares or units of UCITS (French and foreign), French or European AIF, or foreign investment funds, including ETFs (Exchange-Traded Funds).

The selection of UCIs is based on a dual approach: quantitative and qualitative. According to our analysis, we favour the transparency of the strategy, the quality and stability of the management team and its process, and the risk/return profile.

UCIs are selected without geographical, strategy, or classification constraints. The selected UCIs meet the 4 criteria of Article R214-13 of the French financial and monetary code.

The Fund may invest in UCIs of the management company or an associate company.

4. Derivatives

The use of financial futures, conditional or not, is an integral part of the investment process because of their benefits and will only be used to expose or hedge the Fund's assets on an index, currencies, or equities without seeking overexposure.

- Type of markets:

- Regulated
- Organised
- Over-the-counter

- Risks to which the manager may seek exposure:

- Indexes (stocks)
- Equities
- Currency

- Type of operations:

- Hedging
- Exposure
- For foreign exchange: hedging and lower volatility

- Type of instruments used:

- Futures
- Options
- Swaps
- Forward exchange

- Strategy for using derivatives to achieve the investment objective:

- LFDE may use financial futures for hedging.
- For foreign exchange, financial futures can be used to hedge and to reduce volatility.

The sum of commitments relating to derivatives is limited to 100% of net assets.

These financial instruments may be entered into with intermediaries selected by the management company that have no say in the composition or management of the Fund's portfolio.

5. Securities with embedded derivatives

Echiquier Robotics may invest in securities with embedded derivatives (warrants, subscription certificates) traded on eurozone and/or international regulated markets or over the counter.

The use of embedded derivatives, as opposed to the other derivative instruments listed above, will mainly be as a result of the manager seeking to optimise the hedging strategy, or, if appropriate, to improve the performance of the portfolio by reducing the costs related to the use of these financial instruments in order to achieve the investment objective.

Risks to which the manager may seek exposure:

- Indexes (stocks)
- Equities
- Currency

The sum of commitments relating to securities with embedded derivatives is limited to 100% of net assets.

6. Deposits

None

7. Cash borrowings

The Fund may temporarily borrow cash for up to 10% of its assets.

Cash loans strictly cover current account shortfalls resulting from a lag between subscriptions and redemptions on the underlying investment funds.

8. Securities financing transactions

None

2.2.5. Risk profile

Your money will be principally invested in financial instruments selected by the management company. These instruments will be exposed to market trends and fluctuations.

Risk of capital loss:

Capital loss occurs when a security is sold for less than its purchase price. Investors are warned that they may not get back all the capital they initially invested. The Fund offers no capital guarantee or protection.

Equity risk:

If the equities or indices to which the Fund portfolio is exposed should fall, the Fund's net asset value could also fall.

Risks associated with investments in small and mid-cap shares:

On markets trading in small and mid-caps, the volume of shares listed on the stock exchange is low. As a result, market downturns are more pronounced and more rapid than those trading in large caps. The UCI's net asset value may therefore decline rapidly and significantly.

Currency risk:

This is the risk of a fall in the investment currencies relative to the euro, the portfolio's reference currency. Should any of these currencies weaken against the euro, the net asset value may decline.

Risk related to discretionary management:

The discretionary management style applied to the Fund is based on the selection of stocks. There is a risk that Fund might not be invested in the best-performing securities at all times. The Fund may therefore not achieve its performance objective. Moreover, the net asset value of the Fund may post a negative performance.

Interest rate risk:

The Fund's net asset value may fall if interest rates rise.

Counterparty risk:

This involves the risk of default by a counterparty, which could lead to the counterparty defaulting on an over-the-counter transaction payment. Accordingly, a payment default by a counterparty may result in a decrease in the net asset value.

Credit risk:

Credit risk is the risk of a private issuer's credit rating being downgraded or of its defaulting. The value of debt securities or bonds in which the Fund invests may fall, causing the Fund's net asset value to decline.

"High Yield" speculative securities risk:

Speculative securities have a higher default risk than Investment Grade securities. In the event of a fall in those securities, the net asset value may fall. In addition, as these types of instruments may be traded in low volumes, market movements may therefore be more pronounced, whether upward or downward.

Liquidity risk:

In the particular case where trading volumes on the financial markets are low, the manager may not be able to sell the securities quickly under satisfactory conditions, which may result in a decrease in the UCI's net asset value.

Risks associated with investing in emerging countries:

There is a risk associated with investments in emerging countries, mainly in relation to the operating and supervision conditions of these markets, which may deviate from the standards prevailing on the large international markets, or arising from political or regulatory factors. Market fluctuations (up or down) may be sharper and more sudden than on the major international stock exchanges.

The UCI's net asset value may therefore have the same behaviour.

Sustainability risk or risk linked to sustainable investment:

Any event or situation in the environmental, social or sustainable governance field (e.g. climate change, health and safety, companies that do not comply with regulations, such as serious criminal sanctions, etc.) that, if it occurs, could have an actual or potential negative impact on the value of the investment. The occurrence of such an event or situation could also lead to a change in the investment strategy of the UCITS, including the exclusion of the securities of some issuers. More specifically, the negative effects of sustainability risks could affect issuers via a series of mechanisms, especially: 1) lower revenues; 2) increased costs; 3) damages or depreciation in asset value; 4) higher cost of capital; and 5) fines or regulatory risks. Due to the nature of sustainability risks and specific subjects such as climate change, the probability that sustainability risks would have an impact on returns on financial products is likely to increase over the longer term.

2.2.6. Eligible investors and typical investor profile

Target investors:

- Unit A: All investors
- Unit K: Reserved for institutional investors and distribution by financial intermediaries

Typical investor profile:

The reasonable amount to invest in Echiquier Robotics depends on your personal situation. In order to determine that amount, you should consider your personal wealth, your current requirements, and your needs in 5 years as well as whether you

want to take risks or instead prefer a more prudent investment. You are strongly advised to diversify your investments in order to avoid being exposed solely to the risks of this UCITS.

Recommended investment period:

More than 5 years.

2.2.7. Methods for determining and appropriating distributable sums

Unit(s)	Net income allocation	Realised net gain allocations
Unit A	Accumulation	Accumulation
Unit K	Accumulation	Accumulation

2.2.8. Characteristics of the units (currency, sub-divisions, etc.)

Units K and A are denominated in euros and sub-divided into thousandths.

The initial value of Unit A is fixed at 100.00 euros.

The initial value of Unit K is fixed at 100.00 euros.

2.2.9. Subscription and redemption procedures

Subscriptions and redemptions are carried out in thousandths of units.

Subscription and redemption requests are centralised before 11 p.m. on every trading day (Paris time) by the depositary:

BNP PARIBAS SA

16, boulevard des Italiens, 75009 Paris

Postal address: Grands Moulins de Pantin, 9 Rue du Débarcadère, 93500 Pantin

And are executed on the basis of the next net asset value calculated using the closing price on the day the requests were centralised. Subscription and redemption requests arriving after 11 a.m. (Paris time) are executed on the basis of the net asset value calculated after the one mentioned above.

The net asset value is calculated daily, except for days when the Paris stock market is closed and on official French public holidays.

T	T: Date of establishment of the net asset value	T+1 working day	T+2 working days
Centralisation of subscription and redemption orders before 11 a.m.	Execution of the order at the latest during day T	Calculation and publication of the net asset value	Payment for subscriptions and redemptions

Pursuant to Article L. 214-8-7 of the French Monetary and Financial Code, if, under exceptional circumstances it is deemed in the interest of the unitholders, the Fund's redemption of units and its issue of new units may be temporarily suspended by the management company.

The net asset value is available upon request from the management company on +33 (0)1.47.23.90.90 or on its website (www.lfde.com).

2.2.10. Fees and charges

Fees charged to the investor, deducted upon subscription and redemption	Basis	Rate
Subscription fee not retained by the UCITS	Net asset value x number of units	Maximum of 3.00%
Subscription fee retained by the UCITS	Net asset value x number of units	None
Redemption fee not retained by the UCITS	Net asset value x number of units	None
Redemption fee retained by the UCITS	Net asset value x number of units	None

Fees charged to the UCITS	Basis		Rate
1 Financial management costs	Net assets	Unit A	Maximum of 1.65 % incl. tax
		Unit K	Maximum of 1.00 % incl. tax
2 Maximum indirect fees (management fees and commissions)	Net assets		(1)
3 Transaction fees received by the management company	Payable on each transaction or operation		None
4 Performance fee	Net assets	Unit A	15% including taxes of the Fund's outperformance, net of fixed management fees, relative to its benchmark index, provided that the Fund's performance is positive
		Unit K	None

(1) The Fund may invest up to 10% of its assets in other UCIs if the management fees do not exceed 2.392%. For further information, please contact the management company.

Fund management contributions due according to Article L. 621- 5- 3, 3°, II of the Financial and Monetary Code are charged to the fund.

In addition to the fees set out above, other fees may be borne by the Fund in certain circumstances, such as extraordinary and non-recurring costs relating to debt recovery or proceedings to assert a right, provided that these fees are consistently lower than the amounts recovered.

Furthermore, research expenses pursuant to article 314-21 of the AMF General Regulation may be billed to the Fund. Additional information on how these research expenses work is available from the management company.

Procedures for calculating the performance fee

Frequency of crystallisation of the performance fee and observation period:

The frequency of crystallisation, i.e. the frequency at which the provisions for the performance fees can be definitively retained by the management company, is annual. The observation period runs from 1 January to 31 December.

The performance reference period

The performance reference period is the period during which the performance is measured and compared to that of the reference indicator, at the end of which the mechanism for compensating for past underperformance (or negative performance) can be reset. This period is set at five rolling years.

Benchmark

MSCI WORLD NET TOTAL RETURN (in EUR)

Calculation method

The performance fee is provisioned at each net asset value.

The outperformance fee is adjusted at each net asset value calculation, on the basis of 15% including all taxes of the outperformance of the fund compared to the reference indicator, on the condition that the fund's performance is positive (the net asset value is higher than the net asset value at the start of the period).

If the UCI underperforms the benchmark, this provision is adjusted through writebacks. Provision writebacks are capped at the level of the allocations made.

The methodology applied for the calculation of the performance fee is based on the "fictional asset" calculation method, which simulates a fictional asset subject to the same subscription and redemption conditions as the original subfund, incremented by the performance of the benchmark. This fictional asset is then compared with the performance of the fund's actual assets. The difference between the two assets therefore gives the fund's outperformance relative to its benchmark.

Payment of the performance fee and catch-up period

- In the event that the fund has outperformed at the end of the observation period and that it has a positive performance, the management company takes the fees provisioned for and a new observation period starts.
- In the event that the fund has outperformed at the end of the observation period and has a negative performance, the management company takes no performance fee but a new observation period starts.
- In the case that the fund has underperformed its reference indicator at the end of the observation period, no fee is charged and the initial observation period is extended by 12 months (catch-up period) so that this underperformance may be compensated for before a performance fee becomes payable again.
- The observation period may be extended as such by up to five years (reference period). Beyond, if a residual underperformance has not been caught up, it is no longer taken into account. If another year of underperformance has occurred within this first 5-year period and has not been caught up by the end of this first period, a new period of up to 5 years will begin from this new year of underperformance.

When units are redeemed, if there is a provision for performance fees, the amount proportional to the redeemed units is paid to the management company.

Examples

First case: the fund outperforms its index over each observation period.

Fees are taken for each observation period, and each observation period will be 12 months.

Second case:

Depending on the observation periods, the fund underperforms or outperforms its benchmark:

	Fund performance	Index performance	Relative performance over the year	Underperformance of the previous year to be offset	Net relative performance	Underperformance to be offset over the next year	Performance fee	Performance fee calculation
Year 1	5%	0%	5%	0%	5%	0%	Yes	15% x 5%
Year 2	3%	3%	0%	0%	0%	0%	No	-
Year 3	-5%	0%	-5%	0%	-5%	-5%	No	-
Year 4	5%	2%	3%	-5%	-2%	-2%	No	-
Year 5	7%	5%	2%	-2%	0%	0%	No	-
Year 6	10%	5%	5%	0%	5%	0%	Yes	15% x 5%
Year 7	9%	4%	5%	0%	5%	0%	Yes	15% x 5%
Year 8	-15%	-5%	-10%	0%	-10%	-10%	No	-
Year 9	-2%	-4%	2%	-10%	-8%	-8%	No	-
Year 10	0%	-2%	2%	-8%	-6%	-6%	No	-
Year 11	2%	0%	2%	-6%	-4%	-4%	No	-
Year 12	10%	10%	0%	-4%	-4%	0%*	No	-
Year 13	6%	4%	2%	0%	2%	0%	Yes	15% x 2%
Year 14	-6%	0%	-6%	0%	-6%	-6%	No	-
Year 15	4%	2%	2%	-6%	-4%	-4%	No	-
Year 16	6%	4%	2%	-4%	-2%	-2%	No	-
Year 17	10%	14%	-4%	-2%	-6%	-6%	No	-
Year 18	7%	7%	0%	-6%	-6%	-4%**	No	-
Year 19	6%	1%	5%	-4%	1%	0%	Yes	15% x 1%

* The underperformance of year 12 to be offset in the following year (year 13) is 0% and not -4% ("theoretical" underperformance to be offset the following year). The residual underperformance of year 8 that was not fully offset in the subsequent years is abandoned since the five-year reference period expired (the underperformance of year 8 could only be offset until year 12).

**The underperformance of year 18 to be offset in the following year (year 19) is -4% and not -6% ("theoretical" underperformance to be offset the following year). The share of the residual underperformance of year 14 (-2%) that was not fully offset in the subsequent years is abandoned since the five-year reference period expired (the underperformance of year 14 could only be offset until year 18).

2.2.11. Intermediary selection policy

Intermediaries and counterparties are selected from a predefined list by means of a competitive process. The list is established based on selection criteria specified in the policy for selection of market intermediaries available on the management company's website.

3. Commercial information

For further information and documents relating to the Fund, please contact the management company directly:

LA FINANCIERE DE L'ECHIQUIER

53 Avenue d'Iéna

75116 Paris

www.lfde.com

The Fund's net asset value may be obtained from the management company on request.

Unitholders may obtain further information from the company's website (www.lfde.com) on the incorporation of environmental, social and governance criteria into La Financière de l'Echiquier's investment policy.

Professional investors subject to prudential requirements (Solvency II) may ask the management company for funds' asset portfolios. Communication of such information shall be managed in accordance with the provisions defined by the AMF. For further information, unitholders can contact the management company.

Investment restrictions

The units have not been, and will not be, registered under the US Securities Act of 1933 (hereinafter "the 1933 Act") or under any law applicable in a US state, and they cannot be directly or indirectly transferred, offered or sold in the United States of America (including its territories and possessions) or to any US Person, as defined by Regulation S of the 1933 Act adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), unless the units have been registered or an exemption was applied with the consent of the Fund's management company.

The Fund is not, and will not be, registered under the US Investment Company Act of 1940. Any sale or transfer of units in the United States of America or to a US Person may constitute a violation of US law and requires prior written consent from the Fund's management company. Persons wishing to purchase or subscribe for units will have to provide written certification stating that they are not US Persons.

The Fund's management company has the power to impose restrictions on the ownership of units by a US Person, and thus the power to conduct compulsory redemption of the units held, and on the transfer of units to a US Person. This power extends to any person who: (a) appears to be directly or indirectly in violation of the laws and regulations of any country or government authority; or (b) may, in the opinion of the Fund's management company, cause damage to the Fund that it would otherwise not have suffered.

The offering of units has not been authorised or rejected by the SEC, the specialist commission of a US state or any other US regulatory authority. Equally, said authorities have neither accepted nor dismissed the merits of this offering, nor the accuracy or suitability of documents relating to this offering. Any statement to the contrary is against the law. Unitholders must immediately inform the Fund's management company if they become a US Person.

Any unitholder who becomes a US Person will no longer be permitted to acquire new units and may at any time be required to relinquish his/her units to someone who is not a US Person. The management company reserves the right to order the compulsory purchase of any unit directly or indirectly held by a US Person, or any units held by a person in breach of the law or contrary to the interests of the Fund.

4. Investment rules

Regulatory investment ratios applicable to the UCITS: The legal investment rules applicable to the Fund are those that govern UCITS investing less than 10% of their assets in other UCITS as well as those applicable to its AMF classification "International Equities".

5. Overall risk

The UCI calculates overall risk using the commitment method.

6. Asset valuation and accounting rules

6.1 Valuation rules

a) Valuation method

- Financial instruments and securities traded on a regulated market are valued at their market price.

However, the instruments listed below are valued using the following methods:

- European bonds and equities are valued at their closing price, and foreign securities are valued at their last known price.
- Negotiable debt securities and similar instruments that are not traded in large volumes are valued by applying an actuarial method using the rate for issues of equivalent securities, plus or minus, if required, a differential reflecting the issuer's specific characteristics. However, negotiable debt securities with low sensitivity and a residual maturity of three (3) months or less may be valued on a straight-line basis.
- Negotiable debt securities with a residual life of less than three months are valued at their market rate at time of purchase. Any discount or premium is amortised on a straight-line basis over the life of the instrument.
- Negotiable debt securities with a residual life of more than three months are valued at their market price.
- UCI units or shares are valued at the last known net asset value.
- Securities subject to repurchase agreements are valued according to the rules applicable under the terms of the original contract.
- Financial instruments that are not traded on a regulated market are valued under the responsibility of the management company at their likely trading value.
- Warrants or subscription certificates distributed free of charge with private placements or capital increases will be valued as of their listing on a regulated market or the formation of an OTC market.
- Contracts:
 - Futures are valued at their settlement price and options are valued based on the underlying.
 - The market value for futures is the price in euro multiplied by the number of contracts.
 - The market value for options is equal to the conversion value of the underlying.
 - Interest rate swaps are valued at market value based on the terms of the contract.
 - Off-balance sheet transactions are valued at their market value.
- Financial instruments whose price has not been established on the valuation date or whose price was corrected are valued at their probable market value as determined by the board of directors of the management company. The auditors are provided with these valuations and the basis therefore in the course of their audit.

b) Practical details

- Equities and bonds are valued using prices extracted from the Finalim and Bloomberg databases, depending on where they are listed. The research options are supplemented by data from Telekurs (Fin'xs) and Reuters (Securities 3000):
 - Asia-Oceania: : extraction at 12 p.m. for a listing at the closing price for that day.
 - North America: : extraction at 9:00 a.m. for a listing at the closing price for the previous day.
 - Europe (except France) : extraction at 4:45 p.m. for a listing at the opening price for that day.
extraction at 7:30 p.m. for a listing at the closing price for that day.
extraction at 2:30 p.m. for a listing at the opening price for that day. extraction at 9:00 a.m. for a listing at the price for the previous day.
 - France : extraction at 12:00 p.m. and 4:00 p.m. for a listing at the opening price for that day.
extraction at 5:40 p.m. for a listing at the closing price for that day.
 - Contributors: : extraction at 2:00 p.m. for a listing based on price availability.
- Positions on futures markets on each NAV calculation day are valued at the settlement price for that day.
- Positions on options markets on each NAV calculation day are valued using the principles applied to their underlying.
 - Asia-Oceania: extraction at midday
 - North America: extraction T+1 at 9 a.m.
 - Europe (except France): extraction at 7:30 p.m.
 - France: extraction at 6 p.m.

6.2 Accounting method

- The accounting method used for recording income from financial instruments is the "coupons received" method.
- The accounting method for recording transaction fees excludes expenses.

7. Remuneration

Management companies are required to define a remuneration policy that is consistent with sound and effective risk management. This principle is precisely defined in the AIFM Directive (2011/61/EU, in particular Annex II), the UCITS V Directive (2014/91/EU), as well as in the French Monetary and Financial Code (Article L. 533-22-2) and the AMF General Regulation (Article 319-10).

The AMF has also published professional guidelines for investment services providers with a view to the practical application of legal and regulatory provisions.

Lastly, the remuneration policy complies with Article 5 of the SFDR - Regulation (EU) 2019/2088.

The asset management company's remuneration policy is fully compliant with sound and effective risk management. It does not encourage risk-taking that might be inconsistent with the risk profiles, regulation or regulatory documents of the UCIs managed by the asset management company.

The asset management company's remuneration policy is aligned with the economic strategy, objectives, values and interests of the asset management company as well as the UCITS it manages, and includes measures to prevent potential conflicts of interests. The remuneration policy has been put in place in order to: actively support the strategy and objectives of the Management Company; promote the competitiveness of the Management Company on the market in which it operates; ensure its attractiveness and the development and retention of motivated and qualified employees.

The general principles of LFDE's remuneration policy are as follows:

- The fixed component of remuneration takes into account the real situation of the labour market.
- The principle of equal pay for men and women, including with respect to career development.
- Each employee undergoes a skills assessment and evaluation process with the definition of qualitative and quantitative objectives
- Non-contractual discretionary variable remuneration that rewards employees' performance. The variable portion is therefore reviewed each year by team and for each employee.
- The principles of variable remuneration comply with a principle of fairness that aims to motivate the greatest number of employees.
- Since 2020, the "contribution to LFDE's responsible investment approach" has been a collective objective, set for all LFDE employees, and is included in determining their annual variable remuneration.
- LFDE implements a deferred variable remuneration mechanism for risk takers awarded a variable remuneration of more than €200 K; in application of the UCITS V and AIFM Directives.

Details regarding the remuneration policy are available online on the following website: www.lfde.com or free on request from the management company.

8. Payment

SECTION I - ASSETS AND UNITS

Article 1 - Co-ownership units

Co-ownership rights are expressed in units, with each unit corresponding to the same proportion of the Fund's net assets. Each unitholder has co-ownership rights on the Fund's net assets in proportion to the number of units held.

The term of the Fund is 99 years from its inception date, unless it is dissolved early or extended as provided for in these regulations.

Category of units:

The features of the various unit classes and their access conditions are specified in the mutual fund's prospectus. The various unit classes may:

- have different income allocation rules (distribution or accumulation);
- be denominated in different currencies;
- incur different management fees;
- incur different subscription and redemption fees;
- have a different nominal value;
- be systematically hedged (fully or partially) as specified in the prospectus. This hedging is achieved using financial instruments that minimise the impact of hedging transactions on the UCITS's other unit classes;
- be restricted to one or more marketing networks.

The Fund's units may be merged or split.

The Board of Directors of the management company may decide to divide the units into tenths, hundredths, thousandths or tens of thousandths, which are referred to as "fractional units".

The provisions of the rules governing the issue and redemption of units apply to the fractional units whose value is always proportional to that of the unit they represent. All other provisions of the rules relating to the units automatically apply to the fractional units, unless stated otherwise.

Lastly, the Board of Directors of the management company may, entirely at its own discretion, divide the units by creating new units which are allocated to unitholders in exchange for their existing units.

Article 2 - Minimum net asset value

Units may not be redeemed if the assets of the Fund (or one of its subfunds) fall below EUR 300,000; if the assets remain below this amount for 30 days, the management company will take all the necessary steps to carry out the liquidation of the Fund concerned or one of the operations mentioned in article 411-16 of the AMF general regulations (transfer of the Fund).

Article 3 - Issue and redemption of units

Units are issued at any time at the request of unitholders based on the net asset value, plus subscription fees if applicable.

Redemptions and subscriptions are carried out in accordance with the terms and conditions stipulated in the prospectus.

The units in the Fund may be listed on the stock market in accordance with current regulations.

Subscriptions must be paid for in full on the net asset value calculation date. Units may be paid for in cash and/or through a contribution of financial instruments. The management company has the right to refuse the securities offered, and in this regard, has seven days starting from the day of the deposit of such securities to communicate its decision. If accepted, the securities contributed will be valued according to the rules stipulated in Article 4, and the subscription will be processed on the basis of the first net asset value calculated following acceptance of the securities concerned.

Redemptions will be carried out solely in cash, except in the case of the Fund's liquidation when the unitholders have indicated that they agree to a reimbursement in securities. Payment must be made by the holder of the issuer account within a maximum period of five days following the deadline for valuation of the units.

However, if in exceptional circumstances the redemption requires the prior sale of assets held in the Fund, this deadline may be extended by a maximum of 30 days.

Except in the case of an inheritance or inter vivos gift, the sale or transfer of units between unitholders, or between a unitholder and a third party, is deemed to constitute a redemption followed by a subscription. If a third party is involved, the amount of the sale or transfer must, if necessary, be supplemented by the beneficiary to reach the minimum subscription amount required by the prospectus.

Pursuant to Article L. 214-8-7 of the French Monetary and Financial Code, if, under exceptional circumstances it is deemed in the interest of the unitholders, the Fund's redemption of units and its issue of new units may be temporarily suspended by the management company.

If the value of the Fund's net assets falls below the amount stipulated in the regulations, no units can be redeemed.

Possibility of minimum subscription conditions, according to the terms set out in the prospectus.

The UCITS may stop issuing units in accordance with paragraph 3 of article L. 214-8-7 of the French Monetary and Financial Code, temporarily or permanently, partially or totally, in certain objectively verifiable situations entailing the closure of subscriptions, for example, the maximum number of units or

shares has been issued, the maximum amount of assets has been reached or a specific subscription period has expired. Activation of this tool will be notified to existing holders by any means, along with the threshold and the objective situation that led to the partial or total closure decision. In the case of a partial closure, that notification will specifically state the terms according to which existing holders may continue to subscribe for the duration of the partial closure. Unitholders are also informed by any means of the decision by the UCITS or the management company to either terminate the total or partial closure of subscriptions (once they have passed below the activation threshold) or not to put end them (in the event of a change of threshold or a change in the objective situation leading to activation of that tool). Any change in the objective situation invoked or the tool's activation threshold must always be made in the interests of unitholders. The notification must specify the exact reasons for such changes.

Article 4 – Calculation of the net asset value

The net asset value per unit is calculated in accordance with the valuation rules set out in the prospectus.

SECTION II - OPERATION OF THE FUND

Article 5 - Management company

The management of the Fund is carried out by the management company in accordance with the guidelines specified for the Fund.

The management company must act in the sole interest of the unitholders at all times, and has the exclusive right to exercise the voting rights attached to the securities held in the Fund.

Article 5 bis - Operational rules

The instruments and deposits that may be included in the Fund's assets, together with the applicable investment rules, are described in the prospectus.

Article 6 - Custodian

The custodian carries out the tasks that are its responsibility under the laws and regulations in force, as well as those that have been contractually assigned to it by the management company. In particular, it must ensure that the portfolio management company's decisions comply with the applicable rules and regulations. It must, as needed, take all of the protective measures it deems appropriate. In the event of a dispute with the management company, it must inform the AMF.

Article 7 - Auditor

An auditor is appointed for a term of six years by the executive body of the management company, subject to approval by the AMF.

The auditor certifies that the financial statements reflect a true and fair view of the Company's position. The auditor's term of office may be renewed.

It is the responsibility of the auditor to notify the AMF at the earliest opportunity of any fact or decision concerning the Fund that comes to his/her attention in the course of the audit that would:

- 1) constitute a breach of the laws or regulations applicable to the Fund and could have a significant impact on its financial position, performance or assets;
- 2) affect the conditions or continuation of its operation;
- 3) lead to the issuance of reservations or a refusal to certify the financial statements.

The valuations of assets and determination of exchange ratios in any transaction involving a conversion, merger or split must be carried out under the supervision of the auditor.

The auditor is required to evaluate any contribution in kind under its responsibility.

The auditor must verify the composition of the assets and other information prior to publication.

The auditor's fees are to be decided by mutual agreement between the auditor and the Board of Directors or the Management Board of the management company according to the programme of work, specifying the audits deemed necessary.

The auditor is required to verify the financial positions serving as a basis for interim payments. The auditor's fees are included in the management fees.

Article 8 - Financial statements and management report

At the end of each financial year, the management company draws up the summary documents and a management report on the Fund for the previous year.

The management company shall produce a list of the UCI's assets at least twice a year under the supervision of the custodian.

All of the above-mentioned documents are audited by the auditor.

The Management Company shall make these documents available to unit holders no later than four months after the financial year-end and shall notify them of the amount of income to which they are entitled. These documents shall either be sent by post at the shareholders' express request or be made available to them at the offices of the Management Company.

SECTION III - CONDITIONS FOR ALLOCATING DISTRIBUTABLE FUNDS

Article 9 – Procedures for the allocation of distributable sums

Net income for the financial year is equal to the amount of interests, arrears, dividends, premiums and bonuses, directors' fees and all proceeds relating to securities in the fund's portfolio, plus the proceeds of sums temporarily available and less management fees and borrowing costs.

The sums distributable are equal to:

- 1) The net income for the financial year, plus retained earnings and plus or minus the balance of the income equalisation account for the financial year ended;
- 2) The realised capital gains, net of fees, recognised during the period plus net capital gains of the same type recognised in earlier periods which were not subject to accumulation and minus or plus the balance of the capital gains equalisation account.

Distributable sums are fully accumulated with the exception of those subject to compulsory distribution in compliance with the law.

In this event, it must inform unitholders of its decision and, as from that date, requests for subscription or redemption will no longer be accepted.

The management company will also dissolve the Fund if it receives a request for the redemption of all the Fund's units, if the custodian is no longer in place and no other custodian has been appointed, or upon expiry of the Fund's term, if no extension has been agreed.

The management company must inform the AMF by post of the date on which the Fund is to be dissolved and of the procedure adopted. It must then submit the auditor's report to the AMF.

The management company may decide to extend the term of the Fund in agreement with the custodian. Any decision to extend the term of the Fund must be taken at least three months prior to its expiry date and notified to unitholders and to the AMF.

Article 12 – Liquidation

In the event of liquidation, the management company assumes the role of liquidator, or otherwise, the liquidator is appointed by a legal process on the request of any interested person. To this end, the custodian or the management company will have extensive powers to liquidate the assets, pay any creditors and distribute the available balance among the unitholders in cash or in securities.

The auditor and the custodian will continue to perform their duties until the liquidation process is completed.

SECTION IV - MERGER - SPLIT - DISSOLUTION - LIQUIDATION

Article 10 - Merger - Split

The management company may either invest all or part of the Fund's assets in another UCITS, or split the Fund into two or more mutual funds.

Any such merger or split operations may only be carried out after a minimum of one month following notification of the proposed operation to the unitholders. Each unitholder will then be sent a new certificate specifying the number of units held.

Article 11 - Dissolution - Extension

If the Fund's net assets remain below the amount specified in Article 2 above for thirty days, the management company must inform the AMF, and unless the Fund is merged with another UCI, it must dissolve the Fund. The management company may decide upon the early dissolution of the Fund.

SECTION V - DISPUTES

Article 13 - Competent authority - Election of domicile

Any disputes relating to the Fund that may arise while the Fund is operational or upon its liquidation, either between the unitholders, or between the unitholders and the management company or the custodian, will be subject to the jurisdiction of the competent courts.

9. Informations for foreign investors

1. ADDITIONNAL INFORMATION FOR INVESTORS IN AUTRIA

Facility in Austria according to EU Directive 2019/1160 article 92:

Erste Bank der österreichischen Sparkassen AG

Am Belvedere 1

A-1100 Vienna/Austria

E-mail: foreignfunds0540@erstebank.at

Applications for the redemption and conversion of units may be sent to the Austrian Facility. All payments to investors, including redemption proceeds and potential distributions, may, upon request, be paid through the Austrian Facility. The full prospectus (composed of the Prospectus and the Investment Fund Rules), the KIIDs and the annual and semi-annual reports may be obtained, free of charge in hardcopy, at the office of the Austrian Facility during normal opening hours. Issue, redemption and conversion prices of units and any other information to the unitholders are also available, free of charge in hardcopy form, from the Austrian Facility.

2. ADDITIONNAL INFORMATION FOR INVESTORS IN GERMANY

Right to market shares in Germany

FINANCIERE DE L'ECHIQUIER (the "Company") has notified its intention to market shares in the Federal Republic of Germany and since completion of the notification process it has the right to market shares.

Copies of the prospectus (including Article of Incorporation), the key investor information document (KIID) as well as the audited annual account and, if subsequently published, the unaudited half-yearly account may be obtained free of charge in paper form at the registered office of the Management company :

La Financière de l'Echiquier Direction Controle Interne 53 avenue d'Iéna, 75116 Paris – FRANCE. controleinterne@lfde.com

Subscription, redemption and conversion requests shall be made to the depositary (BNP Paribas Securities Services) or the management company directly (per email to gpassif@lfde.com).

These entities will then liaise with the transfer agent and registrar to process payments as defined in the Prospectus.

Investors will find information on their rights and further information on complaints procedures on the website : <https://www.lfde.com/de/rechtliche-hinweise/>

Publications

In Germany, the subscription and redemption prices will be published on www.fin-echiquier.fr/de

Shareholder notifications, if any, will be published on the management website : www.lfde.com

In the cases enumerated in Sec. 298 (2)

KAGB shareholders additionally will be notified by means of a durable medium in terms of Sec. 167 KAGB.

For any information :

LA FINANCIERE DE L'ECHIQUIER - Bockenheimer Landstraße 51-53, 60325 Frankfurt-sur-le-Main