

Key Investor Information

This document provides you with key investor information about this fund. It is not marketing material. The information is required by law to help you understand the nature and the risks of investing in this fund. You are advised to read it so you can make an informed decision about whether to invest.

Fidelity Funds - Global Multi Asset Growth & Income Fund

a sub-fund of Fidelity Funds

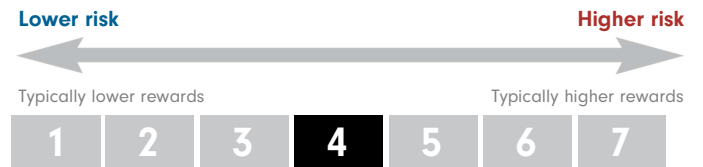
E-ACC-Euro (Euro/USD hedged) (ISIN: LU0365263192 / WKN: A0Q7NW)

This fund is managed by FIL Investment Management (Luxembourg) S.A.

Objectives and Investment Policy

- The fund aims to provide capital growth and income over the medium to longer term.
- The fund will actively allocate to, and within, different asset classes and geographies based on their potential to generate income and capital growth within the portfolio.
- The fund will invest in a range of global asset classes, including investment grade bonds, high yield bonds, shares of companies, infrastructure securities, commodities and closed-ended real estate investment trusts (REITs).
- The fund can invest in bonds issued by governments, companies and other bodies.
- As this fund may invest globally, it may invest in countries considered to be emerging markets.
- The fund may, under normal market conditions, invest up to 100% in investment grade bonds, 75% in high yield bonds (which include below investment grade and unrated bonds), 60% in emerging market bonds and 80% in shares of companies (including up to 60% in emerging market companies).
- The fund may also have an exposure of less than 30% to each of the following asset classes: infrastructure securities, commodities and closed-ended real estate investment trusts REITs.
- The fund may invest up to 30% in offshore China fixed income instruments including, but not limited to, dim sum bonds
- The fund will invest less than 30% directly and/or indirectly in China A and B Shares and/or onshore China fixed income securities, which may include urban investment bonds, on an aggregated basis.
- The fund will invest less than 30% in hybrids and contingent convertible bonds, with less than 20% in contingent convertible bonds.
- In adverse market conditions the fund may hold up to 30% of its assets in cash or money market instruments (cash and short-term deposits, certificates of deposit and bills, Money Market Funds).
- The fund may invest in assets directly or achieve exposure indirectly through other eligible means including derivatives. The fund can use derivatives with the aim of risk or cost reduction or to generate additional capital or income, including for investment purposes, in line with the fund's risk profile.
- The reference currency of the fund is hedged to the reference currency of the share class. This hedging has the effect of translating (or "replicating") the returns expressed in the fund's reference currency into returns expressed in the reference currency of the share class.
- The fund is actively managed without reference to an index.
- Income earned by the fund is accumulated in the share price.
- The fund's source of income will mainly be generated from dividend payments from shares of companies, coupon payments from bond holdings and payments out of capital.
- Shares can usually be bought and sold each business day of the fund.

Risk and Reward Profile



- Historical data may not be a reliable indication for the future.
- The risk category shown is not guaranteed and may change over time.
- The lowest category does not mean a "risk free" investment.
- The risk and reward profile is classified by the level of historical fluctuation of the Net Asset Values of the share class, and within this classification, categories 1-2 indicate a low level of historical fluctuations, 3-5 a medium level and 6-7 a high level.
- The value of your investment may fall as well as rise and you may get back less than you originally invested.
- The fund may invest in instruments denominated in currencies other than the fund base currency. Changes in currency exchange rates can therefore affect the value of your investment.
- Currency hedging may be used which aims to reduce the effect of such changes. However, the effects may not be completely eliminated to the degree expected.
- The use of derivatives may result in "leverage" by which we mean a level of exposure which could expose the fund to the potential of greater gains or losses than would otherwise be the case.
- There is a risk that the issuers of bonds may not be able to repay the money they have borrowed or make interest payments. While we seek to mitigate this, the fund may be exposed to the risk of financial loss if it invests into an instrument issued by an entity that subsequently defaults on its borrowings. Losses may also be realised if an entity that the fund is exposed to ceases to make interest payments over a period of time or indefinitely. Bond prices have an inverse relationship with interest rates such that when interest rates rise, bonds may fall in value. Rising interest rates may cause the value of your investment to fall.
- Emerging markets may be more volatile and it could be harder to sell or trade securities. There may be less supervision, regulation and less well-defined procedures than in more developed countries. Emerging markets can be sensitive to political instability, which can result in greater volatility and uncertainty, subjecting the fund to the risk of losses.

